The Pittsburgh Daily Commercial.

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The Daily Commercial.

DESPERATE CONDITION OF AFFAIRS AT RICHMOND.—The Washington correspondent of the New York *Journal of Commerce* writes that private letters have recently been received from Richmond, which give a most deplorable account of public and private affairs in that city. Thousands of the old and wealthier residents are suffering for the common necessaries of life, and are heartily anxious to have the war concluded, and quite willing to come back under the old flag. Many of them are said to have become indifferent to the question of slavery, and openly declare that the institution is virtually broken up—having lost all hope and all heart. If this be so, the end of the war cannot be very far off, and the rebel leaders must soon be cast aside like chaff before the wind.

From the N. Y. Journal of Commerce, Nov. 14.

The Relation of Capital and Labor—A Wholesome Article on the Subject of Strikes.

STRIKES.

If it were possible to reach the ears of the men who strike for higher wages, in combinations, it would not be difficult to convince those among them, who are intelligent and thinking men, that they make a great mistake, and one which will in the end result in injury to themselves. Let us look at the matter in a plain business way. The workman says he has rights, and that he has a right to demand what wages he pleases. So far he is correct. He unquestionably has the right to place his own estimate on the value of his work, provided no one else, wife or children, has a vested interest in his labor. If a wife or a child has an interest in his wages, then he has not an independent right to fix its price, at the risk of losing employment. But concede that he has the right, then comes the next point, that he claims a right to combine with other laborers to procure an advance in the rate of wages.

We observe that the *Tribune* concedes this right, and speaks of it as undoubted, Let us see if it is a right. It is not a right if it works a wrong. No man has a right to do another man a wrong. If laborers have the right to combine to increase wages, of course employers have the right to combine to depress wages. The right of one class is fully as good as that of the other. Now, it is plain to us that a combination of employers to put down wages would verge closely on a wrong. It would not be necessarily wrong, but the right would depend on the question of the real value of the labor and the correct standard of wages, and would also depend on the question whether the laborer was willing to take less than he was receiving. A combination of employers to force laborers to take less than they are willing to work for, would, of course, be called tyranny by the laborer. He would see plainly that it was an attempt to coerce him. But why can he not see it as plainly in combinations of laborers? The simple truth is that every combination of laborers to force high wages is an aristocratic combination, and opposed to democratic principles of freedom. The right of the employer to pay what wages he is willing to pay, ought to be as free as the rig t of the laborer to work for what wages he is willing to take. A combination of either class to compel the other to pay or take more or less than he is willing, is opposed to free principles.

The object of combination is to enforce the demand. If employers should take advantage of a great glut of labor, and the fact that they were not much pressed to fill orders, and should put their wages down below a living standard, the poor laborer, forced to take the low rate, because he would find no other work, since the employers were in combination, would call it infamous. If the employer should take advantage of sickness in the laborer's family, and force him to accept his wages, when he knew he dared not give up his situation, the laborer would call it tyranny. Why is it any less tyranny, any less oppressive, for laborers to take advantage of the necessities of employers, or by combination create necessities, and force him to pay more than he is willing? The truth is, that the matter of wages is a matter of individual contract between the employer and workman. No man has a right to corner another and force him to make a contract against his will. There is a species of dishonesty in any such force. All combinations of employers would result inevitably in forcing the laborer's will; and *vice versa*, combinations of laborers force the free will of employers. The laborer may think he is safe in pursuing the course, even if it be aristocratic and anti-democratic. But he is not safe. Combinations of laborers force combinations of employers, and the latter will always conquer in the end. The result is, of course, bad for both parties, but worse for the laboring classes. They are sure to suffer in the long run in a battle with the holders of capital. Labor will always settle to a standard rate at which employers can make money, and when they combine they will take advantage of that settling to force wages lower and lower. This is the inevitable result, and if laborers succeed in times when there happen to be few laborers, and the advantages of a strike are on their side, they may rest assured that when times change, and labor is plenty, they will suffer for the present gain.

The interest of the laborer is to establish pleasant relations with his employer, and to make his contract for wages one which shall be, as nearly as possible, satisfactory to both parties. If either one is oppressed by the other, the relation cannot be permanently pleasant, but will break up in disgust, with loss to the one who has endeavored to oppress the other.

It is not uncommon to hear laboring men speak of labor as a commodity which they have for sale, and they claim a right to put their own price on it. Admit this, and a strong illustration of the wrong of combination is at once presented. Suppose all the holders of flour, or of coal, should combine, and refuse to sell until they could get their own price. Would the laboring man see no wrong in this? Will any of them endeavor to explain wherein their combinations are any more right than would be the combinations of flour-merchants or coal-dealers to put up prices? Flour and coal are worth what they will fetch in market, according to quality, supply, and demand. It is clearly a wrong upon the public to force the price up by combination. Gains thus made are ill-gotten. All men recognize this truth. We recommend it to the careful examination of laboring men. They may depend on it that our advice is for their good, and intended to benefit, not injure them. We have the warmest sympathy with the laboring classes, and in many instances where there have been strikes, there is abundant evidence that the wages paid were much lower than the work was worth. The women are especially to be considered. Their wages are certainly below, far below, their worth. But two wrongs do not make a right; and strikes are not the way to rectify low wages for the permanent benefit of the laboring men or women.

THE NEW YORK *Commercial* says: "It is very evident from the letters and dispatches of Washington correspondents, that the election for Clerk of the House of Representatives is regarded in that metropolis as of more importance than is the election for Speaker. To the uninitiated this may appear somewhat strange, as the Speaker's chair is not only regarded as a highly honorable position, next to that of Vice President, but the salary is $6,000 per annum, while the Clerk of the House only receives $3,600. But those familiar with the business arrangements of the lower branch of Congress know well that to be elected Clerk for two years insures the receipt, in some way, of what most men regard as a competence. It is doubtless a knowledge of this that induces at least four ex-Representatives (two of them already holding lucrative positions) to now seek an election to this desirable place. The Clerk of the House not only has the appointment of clerks, messengers, laborers and firemen, but he disburses large sums appropriated for a variety of purposes: $12,000 for fuel and lights; $10,000 for furniture and repairs; $7,500 for horses and carriages; $12,000 for stationery; $30,000 for folding documents, and $40,000 for contingent expenses. This sum passes through the hands of the Clerk of the House, and it may be that by common usage a per centage remains. If this is not the case, some of the purveyors and furnishers, judging from published accounts, make exorbitant profits; while if their accounts are thus taxed, they are reasonable enough."

VERY LATEST FROM GENERAL BURNSIDE.

Army of the Potomac in Statu Quo.

LATE NEWS FROM CHARLESTON.

The Monitor Lehigh Aground.

&c., &c., &c., &c.

FROM PHILADELPHIA.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 24.

The Weather.

The weather is rainy and disagreeable. News dull.

Burnside's Resignation Not Accepted.

It is understood that General Burnside's resignation has not been accepted, but that a leave of absence will be granted him for a short time to attend to important business of a private nature, which has suffered from lack of attention. There is high authority that the President does not wish to lose the services of so good an officer.

The Shelling of Charleston.

A private letter received from an officer in Gen. Gilmore's army, states that several of the shells recently thrown from Fort Gregg, exploded in King street, in the very heart of Charleston, killing several persons, among them an officer of the Third South Carolina Artillery, and riddling and setting on fire several dwellings. The shells were thrown from Battery Putnam formerly Gregg, and numbered altogether twenty-one, nineteen of which, were seen to explode, on striking the buildings. They were percussion shells.

Gen. Sigel to Succeed Gen. Schenck.

It is understood that Gen. Sigel will take the place of Gen. Schenck in command of Baltimore after the latter takes his seat in the House.

The Exchange Question.

There is no further communications from the rebels on the subject of the exchange of prisoners. All now turns upon the release of colored troops and their officers. The Secretary of War insists upon their being protected, no matter at what cost. It is believed new officers of exchange will be appointed by both governments, it having become evident that the present ones cannot effect anything more.

Nothing New from Gen. Meade.

There is nothing new from General Meade's army. H.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24, 1863.

From Grant's Army.

The President states, this morning, that General Grant telegraphed to him that everything was favorable, but that it is improper to state details. No particulars can be had. A.

NEW YORK, Nov. 23.—A *Tribune* dispatch from Washington dated the 23d, says:—The Government has no later news from Gen. Burnside than is contained in a dispatch from Cincinnati, and published in this afternoon's papers. It is hoped that Gen. Burnside will be able to hold his own until Grant, at whose headquarters unmistakable signs of uneasiness are observable, can relieve him, and at the same time he deals Bragg a crushing blow.

The statement that the Army of the Potomac moved at sunrise this morning upon the enemy, which the Washington journals print to-day, is premature, unless our correspondents with the army and the authorities are totally misinformed. There are, however, abundant indications that the army of Gen. Meade will not devote many more days to rebuilding the railroads and entertaining admiring officers with reviews. Our men are eager for a battle, and are confident in an unwonted degree of a speedy and decisive victory.

The *World* has the following: Meade has made no advance yet. His cavalry, however, are just now very active, and stirring news may be expected, at least from that branch of the army. A special dispatch, received by the late train, from the army to-night states that no movement of any kind has taken place to-day. There are, however, signs of activity on the part of the enemy. Rain set in to-night, which may destroy the brightest calculations.

From Charleston—A Monitor Aground—Gallant Conduct of a Surgeon and two Seamen.

NEW YORK, Nov. 21.—The *Herald's* Morris Island letter states that during Sunday the monitor Lehigh, while anchoring on picket duty near Fort Sumter, got aground. Daylight disclosed her position to the enemy, who at once began a vigorous fire upon her both from James and Sullivan's Island. Three other monitors—the Montauk, Passaic and the Nahant—moved to aid her. The Admiral boarded the Nahant, and called for volunteers to carry a hawser to the Lehigh.

Out of a number who offered themselves, a surgeon and two sailors were accepted, who proceeded on their desperate commission under a tremendous fire, and after three attempts they succeeded in getting a line fast to the Lehigh, and at a turn of the tide the Nahant towed her off. Admiral Dahlgren promoted the two seamen on the spot to the rank of petty officers. Commander Bryson, of the Lehigh, and executive officer Lieut. Hopkins were both wounded.

Interesting from Grant.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 24.—Nothing additional from Burnside. Cannonading still heard.

A battle is anticipated between Grant and Bragg to-day.

A special to the *Commercial*, from Chattanoga, state that deserters from Bragg's army last night, report the rebels falling back to Chickamauga station. Their artillery has been withdrawn from our front, and the whole army apparently in retreat

A reconnoisance this afternoon, revealed the enemy apparently in force, between us and Missionary Ridge. Gen. Wood charging up to Orchard Ridge carried the rifle pits under a severe musketry and artillery fire, taking two hundred prisoners.

We now hold all the high ground on this side of Missionary Ridge. Our troops are in line of battle and will lie on their arms to-night. Hard fighting is inevitable to-morrow unless the rebels withdraw to-night.

Important Charleston News.

NEW YORK, Nov. 24.—Dispatches received from Morris Island, dated the 20th, say:—Fifteen shells were thrown into Charleston yesterday. There is very little firing this morning. The enemy has been busily engaged in erecting a formidable battery in the rear of Moultrie house, on Sullivan's Island.

For some weeks past, the hospital flag has been shown at Moultrie house, in order to protect it from our fire, but it seems the house, instead of being used as a hospital, has furnished the rebels a screen, behind which they built the battery in question.

Found Guilty and Sentenced.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 24.—C. W. Hall, horse contractor for the government, was found guilty, and sentenced to six months imprisonment and fined $10,000 for defrauding the government in purchasing horses.

SMITHSON THE WASHINGTON BANKER.—The Washington *Star*, Nov. 20th, says:—From an official paper or order it will be perceived that Wm. T. Smithson, banker, of this city, has been sentenced, by court-martial, to five years' imprisonment, &c., and that the Secretary of War has designated the Penitentiary at Albany, N. Y., as the place in which he shall be confined. We learn that he was duly sent thither, under guard, last night. The proceedings of the court-martial by which he was convicted, have not yet been divulged. We are, therefore, unable to state the evidence on which he was convicted of holding improper correspondence with the public enemy. The public will, however, recollect that he was first arrested on a similar charge by order of the State Department, as long ago as when Beauregard was commanding the rebel forces in our immediate front.

Certain letters, signed "Charles Capers," fell into the hands of the government, being found in a captured rebel mail. They were addressed to Beauregard in person, and contained abundance of just such information as a paid spy, stationed in this city, would communicate. They were written in a hand so closely resembling that of Smithson, who had then been for some time under surveillance, as that his premises were searched, and in his private writing desk was found the other half sheet of the paper on which the most atrocious of the Capers' letters was written. There existed no doubt whatever of the identity of the two half sheets of paper, and scarcely less of the handwriting. His offense was not published at that time, and subsequently it was found necessary to re-arrest him, with the result indicated in the order mentioned above.

GEN. ROBERT ANDERSON, will not, as has been stated, remain at Newport, R. I., until the close of the war. Having been retired from the army and ordered to report to Gen. Dix, New York will be his place of residence. His physicians are of opinion that his health can only be entirely restored by a complete abstinence from service for some years to come.

A BRAVE MAN—Mr. Erlarger, the Confederate loan contractor in Paris, is about to marry Miss Slidell, who boxed the ears of the Federal officer who captured her father on board the Trent.

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NORTH AMERICAN OIL CO.

MANUFACTURERS OF

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For the sale of Crude and Refined

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WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

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NUTS, CONFECTIONERY,

SUGARS, FIRE WORKS, &c.

Also, Manufacturers of all varieties of

Fine Cream Candies, Chocolate Creams,

GUM, JELLY AND LIQUORICE DROPS, JELLIES, SYRUPS, &c.

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TRUSSES, SUPPORTERS, AND APPARATUS FOR DEFORMED LIMBS, manufactured and repaired on the shortest notice. Also, the largest assortment of ready made Trusses, Supporters, Bandages, Dental and Surgical Instruments, Cutlery, &c. in this city.

OTTO HELMOLD, 96 Smithfield, near Fifth st. Ladies attended by Mrs. Helmold. se24:1y

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LITHOGRAPHY AND PRINTING ROOMS,

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THE BUGLE-CALL.—A collection of nearly fifty of the freshest, spiciest and most rousing songs, trios, quartetts and choruses ever published. This book should be in every loyal home, in every Union League, and around every camp fire—for it will help the right, while it arouses, amuses and entertains. By Geo. F. Root.

Copies mailed on receipt of 35 cents.

oc27 CHAS. C. MELLOR, 81 Wood street.

FOR SALE.—TWO BLAST FURNACE ENGINES, STEAM CYLINDERS, 18 inches diameter, by four feet stroke. Blowing tubs three feet eight inches diameter, by five feet stroke—all in good order, having been used but a short time. Made by Knapp & Wade, Pittsburgh. Apply immediately to

WOOD, MORRELL & CO.,

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KREBS & BRO.,

LITHOGRAPHERS AND PRINTERS,

Corner Wood and Fifth streets,

PITTSBURGH.

Bonds, Certificates of Stock and Deposit; Bank Drafts and Checks executed in the highest style of the art. Orders by mail promptly attended to. se2:3m

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PHOTAGRAPH ALBUMS, MOROCCO ALBUMS, holding 20 pictures, at $1,50! $1,50! $1,50!

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MOROCCO ALBUMS, holding 40 pictures, at $3,50! $3,50! $3,50!

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MOROCCO ALBUMS, holding 60 pictures, at $4,50! $4,50! $4,50!

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Less than wholesale prices!

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Every ALBUM warranted and satisfaction to the purchaser guaranteed or money refunded.

Largest, greatest assortment, and lowest prices in the city, at PITTOCK'S,

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Iron City College.

HON. WILSON M'CANDLESS,

Judge of the U. S. Circuit Court, President.

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THE LARGEST, CHEAPEST AND BEST. $35 pays for a full Commercial course.

No extra charges for Manufacturers, Steamboat, Railroad and Bank Book-Keeping.

Ministers' sons at half price. Students enter and review at any time.

This Institution is conducted by experienced Teachers and practical Accountants, who prepare young men for active business at the least expense and shortest time, for the most lucrative and responsible situations. Diplomas granted for merit only. Hence the universal preference for graduates of this College, by business men.

Professor A. Cowley, the best penman or the Union, who holds the largest number of Premiums, and over all competitors, teaches Rapid Business Writing.

For specimens of Penmanship and Catalogue containing full information, inclose twenty-five cents to JENKINS & SMITH, Pittsburgh.

☞ Attend where the sons and clerks of bankers and business men graduate. se9

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—The partnership heretofore existing between the subscribers under the firm of PHILLIPS, FREW & CO., has this day been dissolved, Charles Lockhart and William Frew having purchased the entire interests of the other partners. The business of the late firm will be settled by Lockhart & Frew.

WILLIAM PHILLIPS,
WILLIAM FREW,
CHARLES LOCKHART,
JOHN VANANSDELL,
ABRAM. V. KIPP.

Pittsburgh, Aug. 10th, 1863. se19

CHARLES LOCKHART.....WILLIAM FREW.

LOCKHART & FREW,

Producers and Refiners of Petroleum,

At ALBION OIL WORKS,

Venango county.

And BRILLIANT OIL WORKS,

Negley's Run.

Office: 172 and 174 Wood street.

se19:3m *PITTSBURGH.*

I HAVE THIS DAY SOLD MY ENTIRE stock of

SHIP CHANDLERY AND BOAT STORES

TO

RENO, MARATTA & Co.

Who will continue the business at the

OLD STAND,

No. 47 Front street.

To those of my friends who have patronized me during the last fifteen years, while connected with the firm of ISHAM & FISHER, ISHAM, FISHER & Co. and JOHN G. ISHAM, I return my thanks, and solicit a continuance of the patronage to my successors, Messrs. RENO, MARATTA & CO., cheerfully recommending them as being every way worthy of it.

My office will remain for the present with Messrs. RENO, MARATTA & Co., where I hope to have the pleasure of seeing my customers and friends. JNO. G. ISHAM.

Cincinnati, October 19, 1863.

HAVING purchased the stock of Jno. G. Isham, and succeeded in the firms of Isham & Fisher, Isham, Fisher & Co., and Jno. G. Isham, in the SHIP CHANDLERY AND BOAT STORE business, we hope to merit a continuance of the very liberal patronage bestowed upon them.

JOHN C. RENO,
FRANK MARATTA,
FRANK X. RENO,
No. 47 Public Landing.

Cincinnati, October 19, 1863. oc24:tf

FRESH ARRIVAL OF

NEW AND SEASONABLE

DRY GOODS,

AT

JAMES GOSLING'S,

No. 108 Market street.

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,
MILLINERY GOODS,
BONNETS, &c.

CALICOS,
GINGHAMS,
SILKS,
WORSTED, of all kinds,

FLANNELS,
BLANKETS,
CLOTHS,
CASSIMERES,
SATINETTS,

TWEEDS,
SHEETINGS,
SHIRTINGS,
HOOP SKIRTS,
HOSIERY.

Also, a full and carefully selected stock of

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,

all of which he will sell at the

VERY LOWEST EASTERN PRICES.

oc10

JUST RECEIVED—

A fresh supply of

DR. HUMPHREY'S

HOMEOPATHIC SPECIFICS.

Also, a large and well selected stock of

FINE PERFUMERY,

POMADES, HAIR OIL,

COMBS, HAIR AND TOOTH BRUSHES.

A well selected stock of

Patent or Family Medicines,

FINE CIGARS, CHOICE BRANDS,

Phalon's New Perfume—Night-blooming Cereus—a most fragrant perfume.

And all other popular Perfumes, at

FULTON'S DRUG STORE,

no5 FIFTH STREET.

DESIRABLE COAL WORKS FOR SALE.—The undersigned will offer for sale their valuable COAL WORKS, at Port Perry, Allegheny county, Pa., at 20 Lock, on the Monongahela river, within 12 miles of the city, consisting of about

20 Acres of Coal,
70 Pit Wagons,
34 Tenements,
1 Large Store House,
1 Carpenter Shop,
1 Blacksmith Shop,
5 Mules,
1 Sett Dry Docks,

Together with team and pit roads, incline road, and all the appurtenances of the works, which can at slight expense be put in complete working order in a short time.

McCLOSKEY, COSGRAVE & CO.

Apply to JOHN McCLOSKEY, Port Perry, or JOHN S. COSGRAVE, 158 Third street, Pittsburgh. no12:2wd

WINE PRESSES.—We have for sale two of HICKOK'S CIDER and WINE MILLS. The only mill that properly grinds the apple. A. HICKOK,

se15:6d No. 29 Fifth street.

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WILLIAM BAGALEY,

WHOLESALE GROCER,

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JOS. KIRKPATRICK.....WM. KIRKPATRICK.

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[Successors to Brown & Kirkpatrick.]

WHOLESALE GROCERS.

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WM. MILLER, Phila.....C. W. RICKETSON, Pittsb'g.

MILLER & RICKETSON,

Wholesale Grocers

AND IMPORTERS OF

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The DAILY COMMERCIAL, published every morning, (Sundays excepted,) price THREE CENTS; mailed at EIGHT DOLLARS a year; served by Carrier: FIFTEEN CENTS per week.

The DAILY COMMERCIAL—PENNY EDITION—issued every afternoon—the first edition at 12 M., and others follow as the news received from all quarters may require. It is delivered at residences and places of business by Carriers at SIX CENTS a week, and sold on the streets by newsboys at ONE CENT.

The WEEKLY COMMERCIAL, TWO DOLLARS a year; three copies FIVE DOLLARS; five copies EIGHT DOLLARS. Any person who will send in a club of TEN subscribers, at $1,50 each, shall receive an extra copy for himself; or may retain one dollar as his compensation. Specimen numbers forwarded on application.

TERMS—Cash, invariably in advance.

All letters should be addressed to THE COMMERCIAL, Fifth street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

☞ The morning edition of the COMMERCIAL is furnished to Carriers, Newsmen and Agents at $1,75 per 100 copies; evening edition, 60 cents per 100 copies.

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FOR STANDING MATTER:

	3 times a week Daily. 1 sq	2 times a week. 1 sq ½ sq	1 time a week. 1 sq	1 time a week. 1 sq ½ sq	1 time a week. 1 sq ½ sq
1 time	$ 80	30			
2 times	1 00	60			
3 times	1 25	80			
1 week	2 00	1 20	$1 50	90	
2 weeks	3 50	1 75	2 40	1 20	1 75
3 weeks	5 00	2 50	3 00	1 50	2 50
1 month	6 00	3 00	4 00	2 00	3 00
2 months	9 00	4 50	5 00	2 80	4 50
3 months	11 00	5 50	7 50	3 75	5 50
4 months	13 00	7 00	8 30	4 55	6 50
5 months	14 00	7 50	9 20	5 00	7 00
6 months	15 00	8 00	10 00	5 50	7 50
9 months	20 00	11 00	13 45	7 80	10 00
1 year	25 00	15 00	17 00	10 40	12 50

	1 time 1 sq	1 time 1 sq ½ sq	1 time 2 sq	1 time 2 sq ½ sq	1 time 3 sq	1 time 3 sq ½ sq
1 time	$ 1 00	$1 20	$1 75	$2 00	$2 50	$3 00
2 times	1 75	2 00	2 50	3 00	3 75	4 50
3 times	2 50	3 00	3 75	4 50	5 50	6 50
1 week	3 00	3 50	4 50	5 50	6 50	7 50
2 weeks	5 00	6 00	7 50	9 00	10 00	12 00
3 weeks	7 00	8 50	10 00	12 00	13 50	16 00
1 month	10 00	12 00	15 00	18 00	20 00	24 00
2 months	15 00	18 00	25 00	30 00	35 00	40 00
3 months	20 00	24 00	30 00	36 00	40 00	48 00
4 months	25 00	30 00	35 00	42 00	45 00	54 00
5 months	30 00	36 00	40 00	48 00	50 00	60 00
6 months	35 00	42 00	45 00	54 00	55 00	66 00
9 months	45 00	54 00	60 00	72 00	75 00	90 00
1 year	60 00	72 00	80 00	96 00	100 00	120 00

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(Changeable once a week.)

	Daily.	3 times a week	2 times a week	1 time a week	W'kly
Six months	$18 00	$14 40	$12 00	$ 8 40	$00 00
One year	30 00	21 50	18 75	11 50	00 00

Administ'n Notices, 1 time a week 6 times $2 25
Marriage Notices 75
Funeral Notices, each insertion 50

The Daily Commercial.

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 25, 1863.

Publication Office, 72 and 74 Fifth Street, (2d Floor) Opposite Postoffice.

PUBLISHED BY
The Commercial Printing Co.

WHISKY has advanced in Cincinnati to 70 cents per gallon; gold has declined 5 cents, selling in New York at 48 and 49, and Gen. THOMAS has achieved a brilliant preliminary movement at Chattanooga. Stirring times ahead!

REBEL papers say that their great ram Missouri, built at Shreveport, Louisiana, is a total failure. She cost $500,000.

OUR Government now holds thirty-one thousand rebel prisoners. There are forty thousand negroes armed and in the service of the Government.

THE banking system of New York was recently discussed and defended in the International Social Science Congress at Ghent.

PETROLEUM OIL to the extent of twenty million gallons has been shipped from the Federal States and Canada during the last eight months.

THE War Department has revived the old rule to pay the wives of prisoners in the hands of the Confederates the money due to their husbands.

ANONYMA, the famous female about whom so much was talked some time ago, is said to be at present keeping a large gin shop at the West End of London.

IT is considered necessary that a soldier should have good front teeth so that he can bite a cartridge. He ought also to have good grinders so that he can bite the army beef.

DESPATCHES from Knoxville contain a few additional details of the fighting between Longstreet and Burnside. The national commander and his brave army have been equal to the occasion, and are inspired with confidence.

JOHN B. STETLER, of Philadelphia, who contracted with the Government to furnish 100,000 pounds of Rio coffee for the army, has been tried by court martial for supplying an inferior article, and sentenced to the Albany penitentiary for five years.

WILLIAM BATEMAN, Second Tennessee artillery, says a Richmond paper of November 16th, was brought to Castle Thunder yesterday, to await execution for the crime of desertion from the Confederate army, previous to his joining the Yankee army.

THE payments for all branches of the public service for the fiscal year ending with the last of June were $903,000,000, of which amount $600,000,000 was for the army and $66,000,000 for the navy. A sufficiency of money has been placed in the hands of all the paymasters to pay our armies up to the first of the present month.

SECRETARY STANTON and General Halleck are said to be still opposed to the appointment of any more Military Governors, but if they should be overruled on this point, the President will commission such thorough anti-slavery men as ex-Congressman Casey, of Kentucky, who is likely to be Military Governor of Mississippi, if one be appointed.

THE Cincinnati *Inquirer* learns from reliable authority that the resignation of Chief Justice Rodger B. Taney is now in the hands of the President; that the resignation of Mr. Chase, as Secretary of the Treasury is also sent in. Mr. Chase, it is understood, will take the place of the Chief Justice, shortly after the meeting of Congress.

THE Street Railroad Companies are in a trying situation. They have to pay constantly increasing prices for horses; they are paying double as much for hay, corn and oats now, as they did a year ago, and in addition they have had to increase the pay of their conductors and drivers. With all this increase on the debtor side of their accounts, the credit still remains the same, and will have to so remain, as their rate of charges is fixed in their charter.

THE St. Paul *Press* says: "Eighteen boxes containing species of animals, collected by some naturalist in the Red River country, passed through the city yesterday directed to the Smithsonian Institute. In the same lot was a moose-head and horns, weighing 56 pounds, a most elegant specimen; also a buffalo-head, weight 35 pounds; two elk (or red deer) heads and antlers, weight 38 pounds. They were directed to the 'King of Italy,' and sent to him through the American Express Company."

THE PENITENTIARY INSPECTORS.

Now, a word of encouragement to the *Gazette*, and through it to the Republican party; there are, at present, two parties who will gladly yield their power and patronage: the Supreme Court and the inspectors, and join in having a law passed placing the appointment in the hands of the Executive.—*Post.*

We have a vivid recollection of the peace man who interfered to keep a husband from whipping his wife, and was rewarded for his pains by both parties uniting to soundly thrash him. We have, however, a suggestion to make, even at the risk of meddling in other people's quarrels: to wit, that their honors of the Supreme Bench and the Inspectors both join in petitioning the Legislature to pass an act relieving them of the onerous duties with which they are at present charged, and have the same vested in other hands. We do this out of paramount regard to the Supreme Judges and the inspectors, and hope to learn of the unanimous signature of this memorial by both bodies.

CITY PASSENGER RAILROADS.

The introduction of these great public conveniences is of so recent a date that it is not strange that very few restrictions exist upon the grant of these monopolies to use our streets. Now no restriction exists upon any of the companies, except how far a good natured public will endure it. We would suggest that a restriction should be imposed upon the dividends such companies can declare. All dividends beyond ten per cent. per annum should be abolished—or what is practically the same thing, be directed to be paid into the City, County or State Treasury. Experience shows that under such a restriction no amount beyond the ten per cent. is ever realized by any such company. At all events the Legislature would be relieved from appeals to increase their tolls, when this increase would only inure to the benefit of the city or State.

In like manner, too, there ought to be some restriction on the number of passengers that can be crowded into a single car. At present it seems that a car, like a steamboat, is never full; at least not until all the seats are full and everybody's knee full, and standing room twice full. Now why not have some limitation to the number of passengers a car can carry, say to the number that can be seated? This thing of conductors taking in an illimitable number of ladies, and thus oblige every gentleman to stand under penalty of having his gallantry called in question, ought to be restricted. These, with some other restrictions that might be named, would improve these passenger railroads.

A LIVE COMMERCIAL COLLEGE.

One of the most flourishing educational institutions in the country, and one which has a high reputation throughout the length and breadth of the Union, is the Iron City Commercial College, located corner of Penn and St. Clair streets, Pittsburgh. A little over a decade of years has passed since the College was founded, and every year it has increased in usefulness and grown in strength, until now it ranks the FIRST and BEST in the country. From its organization up to the present time four thousand young men, residents of thirty-one States, have graduated, and the principals and proprietors of the College are continually in receipt of complimentary letters from their former pupils. The College has now a Faculty of ten teachers, distinguished for their ability in imparting instruction in their respective professorships. Professor COWLEY, who is probably the best penmen in the world—certainly in America—is the instructor in penmanship, and his system of teaching is universally conceded to be most perfect and expeditious practiced.

The Principals of the Iron City College are F. W. JENKINS, Esq., and J. C. SMITH, A. M., both practical teachers of long experience—the latter having been engaged in the profession for a period of twenty-six years. These gentlemen give their undivided attention to the exercises of the College, and impart in their tuition more of practice than of theory. At the present time there are upwards of two hundred students in daily attendance, and it is now the largest Commercial College west of the Mountains. It is the intention of Messrs. JENKINS and SMITH to make their College the largest and most comprehensive business man's institution in the world, if not already such.

The course of study is acknowledged by business men everywhere, to be the most thorough, extensive and practical ever adopted. However, its reputation among the business community can be best ascertained by an examination of the testimonials published in the catalogue. There are many young men, graduates of this school, that are now receiving salaries, ranging from one thousand to two thousand dollars per annum, who but a few years since could not have obtained one hundred dollars. A course of study at this College, is the cheapest and surest way to success for a young man who desires to pursue a business life, as he is here not only instructed in the theory, but also in the practice of actual business.

Parents or guardians desirous of giving their children or wards a commercial education, should send for a catalogue to Messrs. JENKINS and SMITH, Iron City College, Pittsburgh, Pa.

THE SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY AND THE NATIONAL FINANCES.

It is fortunate for the Nation that its Treasury Department is controlled by a statesman whose talents, as a financier, are fully equal to the necessities of the Government. No intelligent citizen can fail to see that the ability of the Administration to carry on this war against a formidable rebellion, was and is comprehended in its ability to raise money to meet the enormous expenses of the war. And the difficulty of this task has been greatly increased by the effect of the war in altogether closing some of the ordinary sources of the National revenue, and greatly diminishing others. In fact, the only doubt which the wisest of our people ever had of the competency of the Government to resist and finally suppress the rebellion, was a doubt as to its power to meet the fiscal demands of the emergency. And there was a time, in the earlier stages of this war, when it seemed problematical whether the Treasury could fully answer the exigencies of the crisis. The solution of this problem depended entirely on the man to whom the finances of the country were committed, and hence the question of the power of the Government to put down the rebellion, became simply a question as to the financial ability of the Secretary of the Treasury. That officer has more than satisfied the hopes of the people. The results of his administration are before the world. The wonderful success with which he has overcome apparent impossibilities and supplied the Government with all the funds required by its extraordinary necessities, is unparalleled in the history of any country. The nearest approach to what he has accomplished, is found in the brilliant achievements of Alexander Hamilton, who, as Secretary of the Treasury under President Washington, relieved the country from the terrible fiscal embarrassments which oppressed it from and after the close of the Revolutionary war. All of our readers will probably remember the eloquent words in which Webster characterized the financial genius and services of Hamilton. Speaking of the marvelous skill with which Hamilton brought harmony out of chaos, and solvency out of discredit and bankruptcy, he said: "He smote the rock of the national resources, and abundant streams of revenue gushed forth. He touched the corpse of the Public Credit, and it sprung upon its feet."

This is high praise from a high source. Yet, in respect of the difficulties overcome and the financial talent displayed in both instances, it may be truly said that the eulogy bestowed by Webster on Hamilton is applicable, with even greater justice, to the splendid financial abilities and triumphs of Mr. Chase. We sincerely doubt whether there is, to-day, any other man in the country who could have done what he has done in his most arduous and trying position. Few, very few of our people begin to appreciate the great difficulties with which he has had to contend, or to comprehend the rare sagacity with which he has mastered them. We have not space or time just now to do justice to this very interesting subject, but it is our purpose to give, in the next succeeding edition of this paper, a full explanation of the eminently wise and economical policy with which Mr. Chase has managed the finances of the Government.

FROM WASHINGTON.

John K. Stetler Sentenced to Five Years' Imprisonment for Furnishing Adulterated Coffee—Rain—Governor of Maryland Refuses to Issue Election Certificates—Bids Accepted—Secretary of War has Appointed a Board of Inspectors of Government Hospitals and Military Prisons in the District of Columbia—Recruiting, &c.

Special Correspondence of the Commercial.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 22, 1863.

The proceedings of another very important Court Martial were yesterday made known. Jno. K. Stetler had a contract to furnish the Subsistence Department with one hundred thousand pounds prime roasted and ground Rio coffee; in this he failed to deliver any quantity whatever of pure coffee, but delivered one hundred casks of coffee, proved by inspection and chemical analysis to be impure and adulterated with foreign substances. The Court Martial sentenced him to be imprisoned in the Penitentiary at Albany, N. Y., for five years. There is several other trials, equally important, on hand.

It has rained very heavily for the last thirty hours, raising the streams and interfering considerably with the movements in the army. This is a glorious morning, however, and the mud will be dried up before night. The telegraph wires are down, and we are without any news outside the city.

It is rumored, that the Governor of Maryland will not issue certificates to the members elect, from that State, to the present Congress, because the voters were required to *take the oath of allegiance to the Government.* If this is so, here is another specimen of border State loyalty.

Yesterday, Lieut. Col. George Bell, United States Commissary of Subsistance, accepted the following bids for furnishing flour. All bids at $8, and under, were accepted. The bids ranged from $8 80 to $7 90, and only a few of the propositions were within the figures specified. Bids were offered for 57,000 bbls, of which, 6,700 were taken:

D. L. Shoemaker and Bro., 2000 bbls., of No. 3 at $8 per bbl.; Geo. Waters, 1000 bbls., No. 2 at $8 per bbl.; A. Ross Ray & Bro., 2000 bbls., No. 2 at $8 per bbl.; Wm. H. Edes, 700 bbls., No. 2, at $8 per bbl.; Jno. E. Edwin, 500 bbls. No. 2, at $7,95 per bbl.; Jno. E. Edwin, 500 bbls. No. 2, at $7,90 per bbl.

The Secretary of War has appointed Messrs. James C. Welmore, of Ohio; Gardiner Tufts, of Massachusetts; W. Y. Selleck, of Wisconsin; A. C. Chester, of Illinois, and J. C. Faberty, of New Jersey, a board of inspectors of Government Hospitals and Military Prisons in the District of Columbia. They are to inspect the hospitals as to cleanliness and their general order throughout. They are to enquire into the faithfulness and humanity of the surgeons and and attendants: they are to inspect the management of the kitchen, the condition of the stores and supplies, both of food and clothing; also the quantity and quality of the rations. They are to hear complaints from patients as to grievances and give them a reasonable investigation. If any just grounds exist for complaint, they are first to apply for the remedy to the Surgeon in charge. If that does not do, then they will report directly to the Secretary of War, and generally, they are to report to him whenever anything about a hospital, or its offices cannot be remedied without assistance. In fine, they are to regard the good condition of the hospital as committed to their keeping, and are to have an eye on every thing connected with them that concerns the welfare of the patients, and the needs of the military service.

They are also required to make a thorough inspection of the prisons, and see that the prisoners are well cared for in rations, beds, fuel, clothing and other accommodations for comfort. One very important thing they are to do, (and it would have interfered considerably with Col. Baker, had he not been removed before this Committee was appointed,) viz; They are to inspect the records of the prisons, and see that against the name of every person admitted there is a clearly written statement of the offence for which he is committed, and if any one is imprisoned for a long period without a hearing the case is to be reported to the Secretary of War. They are to visit the prisons at least once a month.

The gentlemen comprising this committee are all Agents of States, and are men whom, from personal knowledge, I know are and always have been acting night and day for their States, in doing something for the soldiers of *their States.* They are never idle. Why Pennsylvania has not a State agent in this city is a matter of wonder and regret. Her soldiers are more numerous than all the states represented here by agents save New York. Yet she has none to watch and guard her men like these States. Surely Gov. Curtin will remedy this if his attention is called to the matter. This one thing has been a theme for comment a long time.

On Monday four daily trains, with faster time than the present, commence running between here and New York. Two of the trains go through without change of cars. It is expected that by the first of January all the freight and passenger trains will run through without change. The new time is through in ten hours. The Baltimore and Ohio Railroad have added another train between this and Baltimore, so as to suit Government clerks, Congressmen and others, who intend to leave this city of high prices and small returns and lodge in Baltimore, where a man can live as cheap and comfortable as in any city in the Union. The double track between here and Baltimore is almost completed. Several new and most magnificent looking cars will be put on the road. The Baltimore and Ohio Railroad also increases its time to the West, to meet the demands of increased travel, the route being now free from all danger.

Every preparation that can be made for the draft on the 5th of January is actively being carried out. The news from Pennsylvania, as to anything like the number being recruited in any district, does not show that such will be the case. I know, and I have seen letters myself, wherein many people feel themselves safe on account of the late decision of Copperhead Judges. If this is the reason why so little energy is shown in setting up bounties, great disappointments can be looked for in the beginnig of the new year. C.

FROM PHILADELPHIA.

General Affairs—Passenger Railway Fares—Personal Affairs—The Effect of Bad Coffee—A New Idea—Naval Affairs—The Exchange of Prisoners.

Special Correspondence of the Commercial.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 23, 1863.

The weather has been fresh and seasonable to-day, and overcoat and furs in demand. The air is clear, however, and the indications favorable for good weather. If the rumored advance of Grant and Meade should prove true, why, clear weather is indispensable to both, but particularly to Meade.

We have the usual tales of military movements, but there is so much uncertainty nowadays, in the tales of the most "intelligent gentleman," that it is not safe to build much on them. There can be but little doubt, however, that the remark attributed to the President—that the next two weeks will be the most eventful of the war—will be truthfully verified.

Our passenger railways commenced charging eight cents for exchange tickets this morning, and there was a nice time among the grumblers, who appeared to be altogether in the majority. As I was riding up town this afternoon, I was very much interested in the conversation of individuals setting opposite me, who were conversing about the recent change in the price of tickets. They were both interested in passenger railway stock I soon found out, and thought it very strange—very indeed—that there was so much "fuss" about an "additional cent." Says one, "the newspapers are to blame for the most of it; if they would stop making mountains out of mole-hills it would do well enough." And so the conversation progressed until it was difficult for me to maintain silence, and I got off the cars. The newspapers—what a curse!

Governor Curtin has been in town for a couple of days past, accompanied by Adjutant General Russell. I had the pleasure of a brief conversation with his Excellency, who certainly looks to be in good health. The Union Volunteer Refreshment Saloon folks, who are exhibiting the rebel ram Atlanta at the foot of Reed street, have taken him to visit her (pretty, but I am not informed whether he complied with their request. His presence there would have attracted a very large crowd of course, and the refreshment saloon people are not slow at seizing favorable chances for making a "pretty penny." The Governor leaves for home to-night. Hon. Simon Cameron, I observe, is also announced as being at the Girard House, which, by the way, is at present most liberally patronized, judging by the number of strange faces one sees crowded in its lobbies and at its tables.

I telegraphed you this morning the fact of John K. Stetler's having been sentenced to five years' incarceration in the State prison at Albany, for defrauding the Government. This is a demonstration of the right kind, and, if the Secretary of War will now look a little further, he can find a number more where just as deep in the mire as Stetler. The Shoddyites are somewhat amazed at this military invasion of their sphere, and it is said that more discrimination will be exercised by them hereafter, when taking the responsibility of a heavy contract. This Stetler was very well known, and a man whom few would have suspected of such conduct.

It has been proposed, that as we have a treaty with Canada, and there are many American merchants out there who employ light draught steamers for the shipment of articles of Eastern manufacture, about the various rivers and bays there, that they be privately invited to enter into arrangements now, with the Japanese and privateer against John Bull. At the present time, England would suffer terribly by such a proceeding, as her commerce there is greatly extended, in consequence of many of our assets having been withdrawn, or are now sailing as English bottoms. As a speculation for a few adventurous young men, having some naval skill, I do not know how it could be bettered. I have no doubt that an attempt will be made to carry out this programme.

While I am writing about matters in connection with naval warfare, it may not be uninteresting if I say that our Navy Yard is now a busy scene. Should the war continue much longer, it would seem as if it would be necessary for some arrangements to be made by which the vacant property at League Island could be used. The old yard is becoming altogether too diminutive, and all the expenses and labor devoted towards erecting new buildings or extending old ones is so much money wasted. As it is merely a question of time, I wonder why it is not done. The Joiners' Department is one of great importance, but it is so illy adapted to our present wants that work is much delayed.

The two-turreted monitor, Tonawanda, presents a formidable appearance, owing to its great size and strength. Workmen are busily engaged on the inside and hull. The gunboat Yantic is almost completed, and will be launched in the course of a week or two. The Kansas was taken off the dry-dock on Saturday, after having her hull coppered and the stern-post and paddle-wheel placed in position. The Itasca, Quaker City and State of Georgia are ready for sea, and will leave as soon as orders from the Navy Department are received. The supply steamer Massachusetts, Lieut. West, commanding, left the Navy Yard on Saturday, with a heavy cargo of supplies for the vessels in the South Atlantic squadron. The other war vessels in port at the present time are the Princeton, Wachusett, Galena, Chochura, Monticello, Wamsutta, Mount Vernon, Yazoo, Conemaugh, Pocahontas and the rebel ram Atlanta.

I understand that efforts are to be made to induce Jeff. Davis to relieve Mr. Ould as Commissioner for the exchange of prisoners, and our Government also to relieve General Meredith from a similar position on our side. This is because of the personal animosities which have grown up between the two Commissioners, and which have resulted in almost entire cessation of the exchange system. It is believed that if two new hands were put at the bellows, the matter would soon be righted. Something ought to be done about it and that soon.

LATEST BY TELEGRAPH.

Important from Chattanooga.

BRILLIANT MOVE OF GEN. THOMAS.

The Enemy Driven from Their Rifle Pits.

GRAPHIC ACCOUNT OF THE MOVEMENT.

&c. &c. &c. &c.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Special Despatch to the Commercial.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24, 1863.

Highly Important from Grant's Army.

Official dispatches have been received from Gen. Grant, giving details of a reconnoissance of Gen. Thomas in force on Monday last, and information respecting Gen. Burnside's position. The latter are deemed improper for publication, but according to the official account of the former it was most brilliant and decisive, resulting in gaining important positions in front of Chattanooga, and ascertaining the enemy's relative strength.

The troops selected for the advance were Woods and Sheridan's Division of the Fourth Corps. Though Hazen's brigade, of the latter division, made the attack, commanded by that General, the whole army was under arms in the case of emergency. As the field was commanded by our fortifications, but little field artillery was used, the artillery of forts taking its place. In twenty minutes after the first shot was fired, our troops occupied the knolls of strategic importance, and the enemy's first line of entrenchments.

The Attack at an End.

The heights on our left being secured, the attack ceased, though the rebels were discovered beyond awaiting a general attack of our army.

Advantage of New Position.

Two Alabama rebels were taken prisoners. Our new position will enable Thomas to prevent flank movements on Missionary Ridge.

News from Burnside Still Favorable.

Grant telegraphs that everything was still favorable with Burnside at last advices.

Rumored Defalcations.

Army circles are agitated by reports of heavy defalcations by a well-known Quartermaster. It is said a Court of Inquiry has been ordered, when the facts will come out.

Acquittal of Capt. Davis.

Capt. Davis, of the Ninth Pennsylvania cavalry, recently court-martialed in this city for firing rockets and fire-crackers in the Convalescent Camp at late hours in the night, and without permission of the commandant of the camp, has been acquitted.

Judge Taney has not Resigned.

The report that Chief Justice Taney has resigned is untrue, at least the President has not received his resignation.

Voluminous Correspondence.

Secretary Seward's diplomatic correspondence makes two thousand printed pages since the 1st of January last. It will be ready for delivery to Congress. A.

[SECOND DISPATCH.]

The Army Storm Beset.

Dispatches by late train from the army to-night, state that another storm yesterday and to-day prevented all military operations. All is quiet along the Rapidan.

Deserter Branded.

Private P. Mills, Co. F., Second Pennsylvania, was branded on right hand, for desertion, this morning, in presence of the Second Division, Sixth Army Corps.

Re-enlistment of Volunteers.

Official orders to-day announce that volunteers now in service re-enlisting as veteran volunteers shall have furlough of at least thirty days previous to expiration of their original enlistment. This privilege will be secured to volunteers either by ordering all so re-enlisting, with their officers, to report in their respective States through Governors to Superintendents of recruiting service for furlough and reorganization, or by granting furloughs to the men individually. Commanding Generals of departments and armies are authorized to grant these furloughs as demands of the service will permit. Transportation will be furnished by Government when three-fourths of a regiment or company re-enlist. The volunteers so enlisted may be furloughed in a body for thirty days to go home with their officers to re-organize and recruit, and individuals of companies and regiments who do not re-enlist are to be assigned to duty in other companies and regiments until the expiration of their time.

FROM PHILADELPHIA.

Special Despatch to the Commercial.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 24, 1863.

The Prisoners on Johnson's Island to be Removed.

It is reported that Craney Island, off Norfolk, is to be set apart for the rebel prisoners now confined on Johnson's Island, in Lake Erie. The reasons are that it is situated in a climate more congenial to the health of those confined, that it is easy of access in the forwarding of supplies and nearer the point for delivery of exchanged prisoners.

The Government Purchasing Lumber.

Nearly all the lumber stored along the Susquehanna has been purchased for Government use. H.

Important News from Chattanooga.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—The *Star* of this afternoon, contains the following account of a brilliant preliminary movement by Maj-General Thomas:

CHATTANOOGA, Nov. 23.

The reconnoissance in force, made by General Thomas, has been completed in the most brilliant and successful manner. The troops employed, were the Divisions of Generals Wood and Sheridan, of the 4th Army Corps, under the immediate direction of Gen. Alger. The object of the movement was not only to ascertain the strength of the enemy, but to occupy and hold the knolls in front of our left, between our lines and Missionary Ridge.

The principal attack was made by General Hazen's brigade, commanded by him and supported on the left by Gen. Willich's brigade, and on the right by the whole division of Sheridan's. The entire field was distinctly visible from and in front of Fort Wood, where Gen. Hazen's line of battle was formed. Gen. Howard's corps was formed in a solid column as a reserve to the attacking force. The field being commanded by the heavy guns of the Fort only one field battery was taken into action. This was planted on an elevated knoll, in the center of which Gen. Sheridan's line of battle was formed before the order to advance was given.

The troops moved out of their position just before 1 o'clock, p. m., and remained in line for three quarters of an hour in full view of the enemy. At last everything being ready, General Thomas gave the order to advance, and Generals Hazen and Willich pushed out simultaneously. The first shot was fired at 2 p. m., and in five minutes the lines of General Hazen were hotly engaged, while the artillery of Fort Wood and General Thomas opened upon the rebel rifle pits and the companies behind the line of fighting.

The practice of our gunners was splendid. The camps and batteries of the enemy being about one mile and three-quarters distant. Our fire elicited no reply, and it soon become evident that the rebels had no heavy artillery in that part of their intrenchments. Our troops rapidly advancing, as if on parade, occupied the knolls upon which they were, at twenty minutes past two o'clock. Ten minutes later Gen. Willich, driving them across an open field, carried the rifle pits in his front, whose occupants fled as they fired their last volley.

General Sheridan moving through the forest, that stretched before him, drove in the rebel pickets and halted his advance, in obedience to order, on reaching the rifle pits, where the rebel force was awaiting his attack, which was, however, not made, the design being to cover the heights on our left, but not to assault the rebel works.

We have about two hundred prisoners, the most of whom are Alabama troops, and have gained a position of great importance, should the rebels still attempt to hold the Chatianooga valley. Whilst these heights are in our possession a column moving to Missionary Ridge is secure from a flank movement.

Anderson Exchanged.

NEW YORK, Nov. 25.—The *Times'* special from Washington says: The rebel game of cooping up Anderson, of Kentucky, until after the organization of the House has been defeated. He has been exchanged. Immediately after his capture his friend Bolender went to work to effect the arrest of a squad of prominent Kentucky and Tennessee traitors, which brought the captors of Anderson to terms. They offered to exchange him for Trusten Polk, Confederate Congressman. Consent was given by our Government. Anderson was at Paducah yesterday, on his way to Washington.

Favorable Reports from Grant.

NEW YORK, Nov. 24.—A special dispatch to the *World*, from Washington, dated to-day, states that the President says dispatches have been received from Gen. Grant of a favorable nature, but declines to allow their publication while operations of which they speak are going on.

Officials claim to have highly favorable news from the West, involving a heavy defeat of the rebels. No particulars given.

Re-Nomination of Mayor Lincoln.

BOSTON, Nov. 24.—The Republican Committees have re-nominated by acclamation the Hon. F. W. Lincoln for mayor.

The Onteris Uninjured.

TOLEDO, Nov. 24.—The propeller Onteris, of the Northern transportation line which ran ashore on Westsister Island was uninjured when last heard from.

Government Rations Delivered to our Prisoners at Richmond.

FORTRESS MONROE, Nov. 23.—The steamer Convoy has returned from City Point. Capt. Irving reports having transferred the government rations for our prisoners at and about Richmond satisfactorily into the hand of Commissioner Ould.

From the Army of the Potomac.

NEW YORK, Nov. 24.—The *Post's* Washington special says, It is raining and the roads are very muddy and military operations are at a stand still.

The *Commercial's* Washington letter of the 23d, says, Meade was directed to move this morning. It is generally believed here, and it is no secret, that his army had ten days cooked rations in their haversacks and in their wagons, and oats for their horses, but the rain storm had somewhat retarded operations at the fro and it would probably be Tuesday or Wednesday before the Rapidan is crossed.

Latest from North Carolina.

NEWBERN, N. C., Nov. 20.—Maj.-Gen. Butler arrived here this morning from Fortress Monroe.

The Raleigh *Standard* claims that the conservatives have elected eight of the ten members to the rebel Congress. Those of them who announced themselves in favor of peace on any terms, and who were most severe in their condemnation of the rebel administration, received the largest majority. The conservative candidates also received a majority of the soldiers' votes.

The cargoes of seven large steamers which ran the blockade of Wilmington in one night are advertised in the rebel papers for sale.

News From Rebel Sources.

FORTRESS MONROE, Nov. 23.—The Richmond *Whig*, of the 21st, has the following news:

Mission Ridge, Nov. 9.—To Gen. Cooper—Gen. Wheeler reports his attack upon and dispersion of the enemy's cavalry, pursuing them into the woods at Knoxville, and capturing 300 prisoners. The infantry force is close up.

B. BARGE, General.

Charleston, Nov. 20.—The enemy renewed his fire on the city this morning, at 11 o'clock. At 4 o'clock this afternoon the number of shells thrown was sixteen. The shelling of Fort Sumter has been heavier than usual, with mortars, but few rifled shot were fired. There were no casualities either in the city or fort.

The following dispatches were taken from the Richmond *Dispatch*, of November 20:

Charleston, Nov. 19.—The enemy has been firing slowly from Battery Gregg, upon Sumter. There is nothing else new this morning.

SECOND DISPATCH.

The enemy fired eleven shots from Gregg, at the city to-day, from 1 P. M. to 11 A. M. The damage was trifling. Some three or four buildings were struck and one person was injured.

The Pawnee, and another gunboat called the Stone, shelled Battery Pringle, but effected nothing.

The firing on Sumter was slow and steady all day. Some few shots have been fired at the Sullivan Island battery. No casualties are reported either at Sumter or Sullivan's Island.

Mobile, Nov. 19.—A letter received from a member of Gen. Green's staff announces the defeat of two Yankee columns in Louisiana. Gen. Franklin's division encountered a portion of Dick Taylor's army, under Gen. Green, near Alexandria, on the 5th, and after a stubborn fight the Yankees were routed with a loss of all stores and six hundred prisoners. General Weitzel's division is reported to have been routed by Gen. Dick Taylor near Opelousa. The expedition is said to be abandoned. A portion of the troops have returned to Port Hudson and Baton Rouge.

News From Folly Island.

BOSTON, Nov. 24.—A correspondent of the *Transcriber*, writing from Folly Island, Nov. 16th, says:—The loss of the rebels is said to be from five to fifteen daily. Our casualties, a few weeks ago, were fully equal to the rebels, but now that the most effective rebel batteries are silenced, our casualities are few. The fire from Fort Sumter is silenced, the Fort not even displaying even her flag more than half of the time.

Forts Moultrie and Johnson shoot with no great vigor, and our men easily dodge under cover and avoid damage. In the meantime new Forts are being thrown up on this and adjacent Islands, which will shortly command all the navigable channels, and give relief to our blockading squadrons. Slowly but surely the work goes on.

Sale of Five-Twenties.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 24.—The sales of Five-Twenties to-day amounts to $10,307,50. The organization of National Banks in all parts of the country consumes large amounts of these bonds and now communities daily receive the advantages of such organizations.

A NEGLECTED COUGH, COLD, or SORE THROAT, which might be checked by a simple remedy, like "*Brown's Bronchial Troches*," if allowed to progress, may terminate seriously.

DENTISTRY.
Dr. W. F. FUNDENBERG,
Has resumed the practice of his Profession, at No. 142 Penn street,
oc28:1m two doors below Pitt street.

Editor of Commercial:

DEAR SIR,—With your permission I wish to say to the readers of your paper that I will send by return mail, to all who wish it (free), a Recipe, with full directions for making and using a simple Vegetable Balm, that will effectually remove, in ten days, Pimples, Blotches, Tan, Freckles, and all Impurities of the Skin, leaving the same soft, clear, smooth and beautiful.

I will also mail free to those having Bald Heads, or Bare Faces, simple directions and information that will enable them to start a full growth of Luxuriant Hair, Whiskers, or a Moustache, in less than thirty days.

All applications answered by return mail without charge. Respectfully yours,

THOS. F. CHAPMAN, Chemist,
oc53m:d&w 831 Broadway, New York.

A RARE CHANCE FOR INVESTMENT.—We offer for sale our two large and EXTENSIVE COAL WORKS, situated seven or eight miles from the city, on the Allegheny Valley R. R., now in successful operation, RUNNING DAILY EIGHT THOUSAND BUSHELS OF COAL, and which can be increased by a small outlay to double that amount. These are the only coal works on this road, and offer special inducements.

For terms and particulars apply at our Coal Office, No. 509 Liberty street, Pittsburgh.
no25-6teod DICKSON, STEWART & CO.

SAM'L. M. WICKERSHAM,
METAL BROKER,
no25:1y] No. 47 WOOD STREET.

HENRY ZIMMERMANN'S
RESTAURANT AND EATING SALOON,
No. 95 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE, Corner Federal and Fourth streets, Pittsburgh, Pa.
The choicest WINES, ALES, BEERS and LIQUORS kept constantly on hand. [no25:3m

PETER KALTENBORN'S
RESTAURANT AND EATING SALOON,
No. 238 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE.
The best of WINES, ALES and LIQUORS kept constantly on hand.
FRESH OYSTERS received daily, which I am prepared to serve up in every style.
no25-6m

PITTSBURGH & CONNELLSVILLE R. R. OFFICE }
Pittsburgh, Nov. 21, 1863. }

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.—The Annual meeting of the Stockholders of the PITTSBURGH AND CONNELLSVILLE RAILROAD COMPANY will be held at the Office of the Company, Jones' Building, Fourth street, in the city of Pittsburgh, on the FIRST MONDAY, (seventh day) of DECEMBER NEXT, at 12 o'clock, m., for the purpose

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

Adjournment.—The Young Men's Bible Society's monthly meeting, has been changed from Thursday evening to Friday evening, on account of Thanksgiving Day.

Fully Committed.—Mayor Sawyer has committed for trial Edward Spallen, William Garrigan, Edward Fay and James McCarty, charged with burglary, in robbing the dwellings of sundry residents of Sharpsburg some weeks since.

About Again.—Capt. E. F. Pratt, the venerable messenger of the Common Council, has sufficiently recovered from his recent severe illness as to be able to venture out into the city. The Captain had a severe time of it, although he has lost none of his usual vivacity.

Bank of Middletown.—At the annual election held for directors, on Monday week, the following gentlemen were elected: George Smuller, James Young, John Croll, Simon Cameron, Jona Miller, Phillip Irwin, Samuel Eby, Daniel Kendig, Geo. F. Hummel, George W. Etter, Adolphus Fisher, Samuel Redsecker.

Artemus in El Dorado.—Artemus Ward is now in California, the paradise of specie payments. He delivered his first lecture in San Francisco a short time since to a crowded house, and his receipts were $2,300. Artemus says that he hopes this success, like a *Ledger* story, is "to be continued."

Pittsburghers Absent.—Among the arrivals at Philadelphia hotels on Saturday and Sabbath day were the following Pittsburghers: J. T. Denniston, G. A. Heberton, W. S. Purviance, P. C. Shannon, J. B. McFadden, D. Calhoun, Jr., T. Rankin, J. Flocker, E. F. Whitmore, James Lyon, J. T. F. Wright, Jas. M. Jenkins, John R. Williams.

The Convalescent Camp.—We learn that Lieutenant Colonel Samuel McKelvy, of this city, commanding the Convalescent Camp, has been relieved at his own request, and Brigadier General Abercrombie appointed his successor. Col. McKelvy will resume his position as Chief Commissary of the Department at Washington, a position to which he was originally assigned by General Heintzelman.

Lecture on the East.—Rev. James Prestley will deliver a lecture on Thanksgiving evening, in the Second Presbyterian Church, Sixth street, for the benefit of the Sabbath School attached to the church. The subject will be, "From Suez by Mount Sinia to Jerusalem," and as the reverend gentleman has not long since returned from a visit to the East we have no doubt his lecture will be most interesting.

Rare Chance for Investment.—We direct the attention of capitalists to the advertisement, on second page, of two large and extensive coal works for sale on the Allegheny Valley Railroad. This is a capital chance for investment, and if the purchasers only use the requisite energy, will pay handsomely. The works are situated within a very short distance of the city, are now in successful operation, and present every inducement to men of capital to invest.

Brakeman Killed.—A man named John O'Brien, aged fifty years, died in the Pennsylvania Hospital, in Philadelphia, on Sunday, from fracture of the skull. It appears O'Brien was brakesman of a freight train on the Pennsylvania Railroad, and when about two miles from Philadelphia was ordered by the conductor to detach three cars from the train; but he only cast two loose, and in a short time another broke away, coming in collision with the other two, throwing O'Brien off, and injuring his skull in such a manner that he died at the hospital as stated.

Pittsburgher Promoted.—It gives us pleasure to record the promotion of another gallant and patriotic Pittsburgher, Mr. John U. Gill. Mr. Gill enlisted as a private in Major Stokes' battalion of the 18th Infantry, U. S. Regular Army, some two years since, and by his strict attention to discipline was rapidly promoted from one rank to another until he became Sergeant-Major of the Second Battalion. Some ten days ago, Sergeant-Major Gill, who is now with his regiment at Chattanooga, received a large envelope from the War Department, containing his commission as Second Lieutenant in the Regular Army, to take rank from October 31st. Lieutenant Gill has displayed since his connection with the army, all those qualities which distinguish the brave and accomplished soldier, and has deservedly won the esteem, not only of his subordinate and superior officers, but also that of his Government.

Tribute of Respect.

At a meeting of the Penn Literary Society, held Thursday, Nov. 12, 1863, the following resolutions were read and adopted:

WHEREAS, It has pleased God in his Providence to remove from our midst by the hand of death our fellow-member, ALFRED DAVIS, jr.; therefore,

Resolved, That in this dispensation we recognize the chastening hand of a Father, "who doeth all things well," and while we bow in submission to the stroke, we hear his warning voice, "be ye also ready."

Resolved, That we deeply sympathize with the parents and family of our deceased brother, believing our loss to be his gain, and trusting that they, as we, look forward to a happier meeting beyond the grave.

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be handed to the family of the deceased, and that the Society wear the usual badge of mourning for thirty days; and

Resolved, That copies of these resolutions be published in the daily papers of this city.

J. M. MILLARD,)
JNO. S. LAMBIE, } Com.
GEO. I. WHITNEY,)

A Chapter of Accidents.—Amanda Sieger, a young lady of sixteen, residing in Richmond township, Berks county, was burned to death on Wednesday, by her clothes taking fire while she was engaged in drying flax. John Hoover, one of the hands employed in the Cameron Furnace, at Middletown, was horribly burned, on Wednesday of last week, by a lot of molten iron escaping from the furnace, caused by a plug getting out of place. He died an hour after the accident. A wife and several children, who depended upon him for support, mourn his loss. On the morning of the 11th inst., a little girl, daughter of Jared and Lizzie E. Kauffman, residing in Mifflin county, east of M'Veytown, suffered a dreadful accident from fire. It appears that her mother had gone out to milk, leaving this and two other children in the house. A candle was yet burning, which the child got, and accidentally set some books, paper and her dress on fire. Alarm was made, but not in time to save the child's life. It died a few hours after. It was about a year and a half old.

Soldiers' Correspondence.

We would call the attention of the friends of the soldiers to the importance of *preparing in full* every description of mail matter sent by them. If you are not certain about the weight of a package, it is but little trouble to ask your postmaster to test it on his scales. This will save both time and money to the soldier, and relieve the postal officers of a great source of annoyance. To illustrate: At present, Nashville, Tenn., is the point where the mails for Gen. Grant's army center; thence they are taken by military conveyance to the different corps. The postal law forbids postmasters suffering any mail, upon which postage is due, leaving their custody before that postage is paid. A package or letter for a soldier at Chattanooga, is received at Nashville, "due six cents." It is there detained until a notice can be sent to the front, the soldier found, and the six cents forwarded to the postmaster; and all this delay is occasioned by some careless friend at home, who neglects to pay the proper postage. This illustration will apply to all the armies east, west, and south.

Died of Their Wounds.

From the official report of Major Herbert, of General Geary's command, we learn of the death of the following soldiers from wounds received at Wauhatchie;

Jos. Strang, Twenty-ninth Pennsylvania; wound of right groin; died November 18; buried in the field burying ground.

Major A. Boyle; abdomen; body taken away in charge of his son.

Sergeant W. Robinson; died October 29; of gunshot wound, penetrating the brain; he belonged to Knapp's Pennsylvania Battery.

W. H. Thompson, of Knapp's Pennsylvania Battery, died October 31, of gunshot wound, penetrating the brain; buried as above.

R. Benson, Co. K, 111th Pennsylvania Volunteers; died October 29, of wound in abdomen; buried as above.

J. W. Barr, Co. C, 111th Pennsylvania Volunteers; died October 30, of gunshot wound in both thighs; buried in Chattanooga Cemetery.

—Purvis Shively, died Oct. 30, of fracture of the skull; buried as above, in Chattanooga.

General Synod of the German Reformed Church.

MORNING SESSION, November 24.—Synod opened with singing and prayer by Rev. E. Keller.

After the transaction of some unimportant business, the special order for 10 a. m., being the election of five members of the Western Synod, as its complement to fill the Board of Foreign Missions, was entered into, and the following members were chosen by acclamation: Revs. E. E. Higbee, of Pittsburgh; D. Winters, of Dayton; G. W. Williard, of Dayton; P. C. Prugh, of Xenia, and J. H. Reiter, of Miamisburg.

The appointment of a Board of Domestic Missions was taken up. A committee to nominate a Board of Missions was appointed.

Fifteen hundred copies of the minutes of this Synod were ordered to be published in the English language, and one thousand copies in the German.

The committee on the subject of uniting the eastern and western seminaries reported, that in the view of the committee it was deemed inexpedient to agitate the subject at this time. The report was received.

On the adoption of the report a number of speeches were made bringing to view the advantages and disadvantages, or difficulties, that would manifest themselves by the union of the East and West under the head of one Central Seminary. The sentiment of the Synod was clearly in favor of uniting the seminaries; but there are hinderances presenting themselves of a character to prevent, for the present at least, the realization of so desirable a result. After much discussion the report of the committee, shutting the door to any action by the Synod on the subject at this time, was adopted.

AFTERNOON SESSION.—Opened with singing and prayers by Rev. Mr. Bowman, with Rev. D. Winters in the Chair.

Certain amendments to the Constitution of the Church, pertaining to the General Synod in its relation to the Annual Synods, were proposed, and after adoption are sent down to the Classis for their approval, that they may become binding on the Church. The Constitution, with the amendments, was also directed to be published in the German language

The Committee on Sunday Schools and Sunday School Literature offered their report. It was adopted; and provides for the attention of Pastors and consistories to be directed to see to it that their Sunday Schools are conducted according to the spirit and genius of our church, also for the creation of a Sunday School Board, who shall care for this interest generally, and superintend the publication of all our Sunday School literature, and who shall report at every meeting of the General Synod the number, character and general condition of all the Sunday schools in the bounds of the church, and the names and numbers of all books published for this interest.

The Committee on the Liturgy offered their report, and the report was taken up for adoption.

The first item asks permission of this Synod, by the Western Synod, to go forward in the work of preparing a liturgy which, in its judgment, shall meet the wants of the Church at the West.

Rev. Dr. M. Kieffer expressed his disapproval of the resolution, preferring a liturgy that shall at once meet the wants of the church East and West.

Rev. S. H. Ried offered a substitute for the report, calling for the appointment of a Committee which shall so revise the present Provisional Liturgy as to satisfy the liturgical demands of the church.

Rev. G. W. Williard said that Rev. Dr. Kieffer expressed his views. The West thinks that the Provisional Liturgy may be modified and revised so as to give general satisfaction. Making a liturgy is not such an easy work, and we of the West have no disposition to undertake the work. We want one; and we earnestly desire one soon, that in all our borders there may be greater unanimity of worship.

The hour of adjournment arrived at this stage of the proceedings, and Synod adjourned with a doxology and prayer by Rev. G. P. Bulber, of Dayton.

After the adjournment of Synod, there was an informal meeting of a number of the ministers and laymen to consider the subject of reviving the matter of publishing a Literary Review, representing the genius of the Reformed Church. The action on the general subject was favorable, and the starting of a Review is now to be undertaken by individual enterprise. Rev. E. V. Gerhart, of Lancaster, was chosen as the individual who shall select others who may be willing to begin the important work. It is confidently hoped that a literary periodical, competing with the demands of the church, will soon be established.

Public Amusements.

VESTIVALI.—This celebrated artist was greeted by another crowded house at the theatre last night, to witness her admirable personation of Capt. Henri D'Lagadaire, in the Duke's Motto. Although she is still so hoarse as to prevent her singing her songs, which would have rendered the entertainment still more agreeable, yet the play passed off with great *eclat*. To-night we are positively promised all the songs of the piece, which in themselves are sufficient to attract a full house. On Thursday, Vestivali will appear in two grand performances, day and evening. In the afternoon she will perform "Games," and in the evening the "Duke's Motto." Our country friends should not fail to see this celebrated artist, as the matinee upon Thursday will give them a most excellent opportunity. On Friday Vestivali takes her benefit, and it is most positively her last appearance in this city. Secure your seats in time, as doubtless they will all be taken long before Friday.

THE OLD FOLKS AT MASONIC HALL.—As we predicted Monday morning they would, the Old Folks Concert Company are attracting immense and delighted audiences to Masonic Hall, to hear their admirable singing, and to look upon the quaint dresses worn by our great-great-grand-fathers and mothers. The Old Folks' entertainments have become an established institution with the people, and wherever they have been given have attracted the best classes of society to them. The popularity of the Old Folks consists principally in the truly excellent manner in which they sing those grand old songs and anthems that were in vogue some four or five score years ago—whose soul-stirring melody forms quite a pleasing contrast to the fashionable operatic airs of the present day. Who is there that would not rather hear that grand old psalm of praise "Old Hundred" than any of the most artistically executed tunes gotten up with operatic variations?

The Old Folks, each evening, give the first part of their programme to the singing of those charming old anthems the masses of our community so delight to hear. The second part is made up of national airs and humorous songs, which arouses the patriotism and risibilities of the audience. The delightful singing of heart-touching ballads by Mrs. Nichols is also a prominent feature with the Old Folks, and each evening calls forth storms of applause. The comicalities of "Cousin Reuben," a genuine type of a "down Easter," never fails to excite the risibilities, while the Harp Solos of Mr. Edgar Browne are well executed and pleasing. The direction of the entertainments is under the old-fashioned leadership of Prof. Thomson, who announces the different songs in a grave or quietly humorous way, as the subject may require. In few words, the Old Folks' anthems, their humorous quartetts and patriotic glees, and their odd and unique dresses, form an attraction that is irresistible, and it is no wonder their entertainments are so popular.

The Old Folks will remain but four nights longer. They will give a concert on Thanksgiving afternoon, when a programme of their choicest songs and anthems will be presented.

A Slander on our City.

We copy the subjoined article from our cotemporary, the *Pittsburgh Post*. We indorse every word and sentiment in it, and would further state that the peace and quiet of the city was never better than at present:

"An Ohio exchange, speaking of matters and things in Pittsburgh, says that 'highway robberies' are of common occurrence among us. Now, is there not food for reflection here? When was there a highway robbery in Pittsburgh? Because a man is knocked down and beaten, does it follow that it was done for the sake of his money? If a stranger from the country visits our city, 'imbibes the ardent' too freely, visits low haunts of vice, loses his money and gets his eyes blacked, should he, his friends, or the press proclaim to the world that it was highway robbery, and charge it upon the inefficiency of the police? We should be very careful how we make such statements, as they go abroad, and are calculated to injure not only the reputation of our city, but the business of her citizens. People will be chary of visiting us to make purchases, if they are made to believe that neither their lives or money are safe. Let us, then, be sure of the facts, before we announce as an attempt at highway robbery what was, perhaps, but the result of a personal grudge or a drunken brawl. Sensation items may do little or no harm at home, but abroad they are calculated to do much harm. The city of Pittsburgh will compare favorably with any city of the same size in the country. The people are a law-abiding people, and common justice to the masses demands of us that we do not, by hastily written sensational paragraphs about the doings of a few rowdies among us, reflect discredit upon them abroad, and thereby injure the trade of the city."

No lady who makes any pretentions to fashion considers herself dressed without a set of Furs, and one of Fleming's fashionable fold or silk hats, so popular with the ladies and misses of Pittsburgh and vicinity. We may also state that Mr. Fleming has just returned from the East with his third stock of Ladies Furs this season, and that his stock is now complete, consisting of complete sets of Sable, Mink Sable, German Fitch, American Fitch, Rock Marten, Siberian Squirrels; all of which will be sold either in sets or single articles at the lowest cash prices, at Fleming's, No. 139 Wood St. Pittsburgh.

The Atlantic Monthly.—This invaluable publication for December is now out, and may be had at Pittock's, opposite the Postoffice, Fifth street. The contents of the present number are unusually attractive, and embrace many able articles. The January number of the *Atlantic* will commence the thirteenth volume of this popular magazine, and now is the time to subscribe, which our readers can do by leaving their names with Pittock.

For Thanksgiving.—Marcus Rush, of the Rush House Dining Saloon, No. 397 Liberty street, above Washington, has just received and will have for sale every day this week a large and choice supply of fine fat Absecom shell oysters. He will continue to serve up as usual oysters in every style. He will present an extra bill of fare on Thansgiving day, and the hungry will do well to call.

"Daily Commercial" Job Printing Office.—Orders for every style of Book and Job printing promptly and neatly executed, from a visiting card up to a mammoth poster. The most rapid and improved steam presses are used in the execution of the work.

Vocal Music.—H. D. Brecht, teacher of Singing and Cultivation of the Voice, 126 Smithfield street.

We are authorised to state that Jacob Weaver, Jr., declines being a candidate for Mayor of Allegheny City.

Outrageous Assault.—Alderman Taylor, of the Fifth ward, yesterday held one David Shaw to bail in the sum of $300, to answer a charge of assault and battery, preferred against him by Mary Smith. The prosecutrix is a young woman of respectability, and was unprovokedly attacked by Shaw, who struck her some two or three times in the face, and kicked her.

Large Shipment of Stores.—The Christian Committee sent durin last week, to the Army af the Cumberland 600 woolen shirts, 600 pairs of woolen drawers, 1,400 pairs of socks, 500 pairs of mittens, and large quantities of bandages and linen, fruits and pickles. The demand for woolen clothing is very great, and we hope our readers will replenish the store room of the committee at once, so they may be enabled to meet the demand made on them.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

FOR additional commercial news see fourth page.

Our money market is in a very healthy condition. There is an abundance to meet any reasonable demands that may be made upon it; but our banks exercise their usual caution in letting out their favors.

From private advices we are informed that gold declined in Philadelphia yesterday to 49. This is a big tumble, and indicates some cheering news from the seat of war.

The sales of the 5-20 six per cent. Government bonds, at the agency of Joshua Hanna, Esq., for two weeks, amounts to $315,000, viz.: For the week ending November 17, $183,000, and last week, up to yesterday forenoon, $132,000. The purchases were generally of $100 and $1,000 bonds, and by parties from different parts of the adjacent country.

Money was in better demand yesterday in New York, without decided change, at 7 per cent. Sterling dull and lower—165½@166. Gold heavy and lower, opening at 52¾, declining to 45¼, and closing weak at 50¾. Government stocks dull.

New York Stock Market.

U S 6's 81, reg	108	Cleve & Tol	116¾
U S 7-30s	106½@106¾	Harlem	93¼
Chi & R I	106¾	Reading	121¾
U S 1 y'r Certif	98¼	M C	125¼
Erie	108¾	M S	81¾
Hudson	125¾	C & P	106¾
Ill Central scrip	120½	P Ft W & C	84⅞
M & C	108¾	C & N W	48⅞

The New York *Times* of Monday, says: The Foreign Trade of the past week was on a fair scale as to the Import entries, most of which go directly into market. The stock of goods in Bond of the previous importation continues to decrease. The Customs Duties paid during the week were unusually heavy for November. The Exports of Domestic Produce are light. The shipments of Specie cleared at the Custom House are much below the corresponding week last season, but it is probable that a considerable sum drawn against on London and Paris early in this month has gone or soon will go to the French Army in Mexico, on French national ships, not required to be cleared in the ordinary course at the Custom House.

THE following are the sales of Stocks at the Commercial Sales Rooms, No. 54 Fifth street, on Tuesday evening, by Davis & McIlwaine, Auctioneers:

Exchange Bank	$88 25
Bank of Pittsburgh	66 00
Mechanics' Bank	63 50
Merchant's and Manufacturers Bank	58 25

PITTSBURGH GENERAL MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY COMMERCIAL, }
Wednesday, November 25. }

Business was not very active. The weather, however, was very unfavorable. The rain that set in early in the day, continued steadily. We can almost venture to promise another rise in the river; everything looks probable to that end. Business on the wharf was very active. The "Saint Patrick" arrived from Cincinnati with an immense cargo, and on that was wanteded about this time. She will return to-day with all the freight she can carry, principally Pittsburgh manufactures. The Reserve, last evening had all the freight she wanted. The Emma Graham, as usual, had a heavy freight list. Freight for all points is plenty, at remunerating prices. This is a healthy state of affairs, and we hope it may long continue. Most of our coal boatmen prefer waiting for more water, before going out, only a small quantity left yesterday, and those consisting of light draught boats. Among the sales made, we note as follows, viz:

APPLES—The market contains a good supply with a fair inquiry. Among the sales we note lots comprising 570 bbls at various prices, ranging from $2 50@2 75, the latter figure, for Russets.

CHEESE—was in steady request; prices are evidently looking up. *Hamburg*—sales 25 boxes 14@14½. Sales 52 do W Reserve at 13½@14. Some lots of *Cream* were disposed of at even higher figures.

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR—There is nothing doing in this article worthy of special notice. Few purchasers are found that are disposed to pay $4 per cwt. At these figures it will "keep, not sell." Holders have discovered that fact.

FLOUR—The market yesterday was firm. The sales, however, were restricted to small operations, for local purposes, at the following rates: *Extra*, $5 75@6. *Extra Fam.*, $6 86@$7. Sales of choice brands were made at even higher rates. The receipts by the rail will soon begin to increase. What effect that will have on the market remains to be seen. The "Emma Graham" brought up 1000 bbls destined for the Eastern markets, per the Pa. RR.

GRAIN—The market is again excited, and sales of almost every description have been made at higher figures. The fact is, prices are becoming a little wild.

Rye just now seems to take the lead, we note a sale of 10,000 bushels, figures equal to $1 25 ₱ bush. This is the largest sale of grain that has been reported in this market for sometime.

Barley finds ready purchasers, Spring at $1 33; Fall at $1 50@1 52 ₱ bushel. The receipts were light.

Corn—Prices have further advanced; we note sales of 2,000 bush at $1 20, while some holders demand higher figures.

Oats were firm and in fair request, we note the sale of 1,400 bush at 78c.

Wheat was firm but unchanged; the current rates being for Red, $1 30@1 33; White, $1 38@1 42. Sales of 2,000 bush, the terms of which were not made public.

WHISKEY—Prices having advanced in all the leading cities, Pittsburghers of course had the same right. Dealers refuse to sell City Rectified below 70c, and prices are going up. So mite it be.

HAY—Very firm; the demand exceeding the supply. We note small sales at $36 00@40 00 ₱ ton.

GROCERIES—Firm and in active demand; prices still tending upward. The following sales will give the reader a fair idea of the market, viz:

Sugar—Sales of 15 hhds Orleans at 14¼@14¾c; 12 hhds Cuba at 14@14¾c; 20 bbls Crushed, Granulated and Pulverized changed hands at 18c; 10 bbls "A" Coffee at 17½c; 15 bbls "B" Coffee at 17@17¼c.

Syrups—Sales 20 bbls Golden at 65c; 20 do. Loverings at 85c.

Molasses—Sales 22 bbls Orleans, new, at 65c; 15 do. new at 62c.

Coffee—Market tending upward; sales 50 sacks Rio at 34@32c.

SALT—Market very firm; prices steady at $2 65@2 70 ₱ bbl.

Philadelphia Petroleum Market.

Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Commercial.

PHILADELPHIA, NOV. 21, 1863.

There has been rather more vitality of the Petroleum Market since our last report, but at a concession of 2 to 3 cents ₱ gallon from the rates current at the close of our last meeting. During the past five days, owing to a material advance in Gold, and a corresponding improvement in Sterling Exchange, there has been a marked increase in the demand, both for Crude and Refined in bond for exportation, and more disposition to purchase on the part of the home consumers. The sales of bonded Oil has been large, reaching 8,000 bbls, at 38@39 cents, closing to-day at the former rate; 500 bbls superior quality at 40 cents; and 1,500 bbls free at 47@51 cts, and small lots at 62 cents. Of Crude Oil about 3,000 barrels sold at 23, 23½@24 cents, and in a small way at 25 cents. Residium is held at $6 with $5 50 bid. In Naptha but little doing, and it is nominal at 18@20 cents for Crude and Refined. Among the freight engagements we notice the ship "Eugenia," for Falmouth and orders, at 6s.; the barque "Edwin," with 2,600 barrels to Marseilles at 6s 6d; two schooners to Boston at 75 cents, and one to New York at 35 cents ₱ barrel.

Freights to London	6s 0d ₱ bbl.
Freights to Marseilles	6s 6d ₱ bbl.
Freights to Boston	70 cts ₱ bbl.
Freights to New York	35 cts ₱ bbl.

The following are the receipts of Crude and Refined Petroleum at this port during the past week:

Crude, barrels	4,100
Refined, barrels	3,760
Exp'd from Phila. since Jan. 1st	4,782,581 galls.
" same time last year	5,388,050 galls.
Increase this year	2,394,541 "
Exp'd from U. S. since Jan. 1st	24,308,569 "
" same time last year	8,843,930 "
Increase this year	15,464,639 "

Yours, very respectfully,
R. & B.

[By Telegraph.]

St. Louis Market.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 24.

COTTON—Sales at 74@79c. Receipts for three days about 1,700 bales.

FLOUR active; sales of single extra at $6 24, double extra, $6 75.

WHEAT active; lower grades higher, $1 30@1 35; choice, $1 34@1 40.

OATS advancing—72@92c.

CORN advancing—$1 11@1 12½.

BACON very firm—hams, 10@12c; shoulders, 6½@7c; sides, 6¾@7c.

Hogs active and firm, $5 25@5 28.

PITTSBURGH OIL MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY COMMERCIAL, }
Wednesday, Nov. 25, 1863. }

The demand for Crude is improving. Holders were firmer, and sales were made in some instances at a slight advance, whilst other lots were disposed of at the current rates of the previous day. At all events holders did not manifest the same disposition to sell as was perceptible a few days since. The news received from the East was construed into a better feeling there. The sales in this market were liberal, as will be perceived by reference to another part of this report.

The exports were as follows: To New York—Crude, 850. To Philadelphia—Refined, 1393; Benzole, 79; Crude, 782. To Baltimore—Refined, 50; Crude, 496. Total amount, 3,650 bbls. Shipped West—Refined, 334; Crude, 56 bbls.

The imports during the same period were: Per A. V. Railroad, 859. Per Allegheny River, 1,874 bbls.

Crude.—The demand for Crude was larger than the previous day. Among the sales we note the following: 1,000 bbls, in bulk, at 12½@12¾; 1,000 bbls do at 12¾c. Sales, with packages included, of 250 bbls at 17¼c; 900 bbls do at 18¾c; 600 bbls do at 17½c ₱ gallon.

Refined.—We did not learn of any transactions. Our market contains an ample supply. We quote nominally at 32c in bond, and 42c for free. Other descriptions were dull and unchanged.

NEW YORK PETROLEUM MARKET.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

NEW YORK, Nov. 24, 1863.

The market is quite irregular; sales of 250 bbls Crude at 26c; 300 bbls handsome Refined, in bond, at 42c; 600 do. do. at 42½c; 2,000 bbls for December, January and February delivery are reported at 43@45c; Refined is firm at 51@52c.

New York Market.

NEW YORK, Nov. 24.

COTTON—Heavy and declining at 83c@84¼.

FLOUR—Less active and 5c lower; $6 45@6 50 for Extra State; $7 50@7 60 for R H O; $7 65@9 50 for Trade brands; market closing dull and drooping.

WHISKY—Irregular and unsettled. Large parcels of favorite brands commenced at full prices, while all others are heavy and drooping at 70c@75.

WHEAT—Very dull, and 1c@2 lower; $1 41@1 45 for Chicago Spring; $1 52 for old do; $1 42@1 45 for Milwaukie Club; $1 66@1 48 for Amber Michigan; $1 51@1 67 for Winter Red Western.

RYE—Scarce and firm at $1 33@1 36.

BARLEY—Quiet.

CORN—Drooping; mixed Western $1 23@124; in the store $1 24½@1 25; afloat heavy at outside quotations.

OATS—Heavy and 1c@2 lower at 93c@99½; Western and State, including one parcel, sold at 94c, with certain favorable conditions.

WOOL—Firm.

PORK—Dull and without any material change; bacon sides are in fair request; western long cut hams, 10½c@11; City cut bellies 1c in bulk, and boxes do 11¾.

BUTTER—Firmer at 20c@21 and 26@31 in state.

CHEESE—Firm at 13c@16 for common.

[By Telegraph.]

Baltimore Market.

BALTIMORE, NOV. 24.

FLOUR—active. Ohio superfine, $7@7 12½.

WHEAT—firm; Red, $1 6@1 08.

CORN—dull; White, $1 05@1 08.

WHISKEY—quiet at 73c.

COFFEE—quiet and scarce at 34@34½.

New York Cattle Market.

NEW YORK, Nov. 24.

The prices for the week were as follows:

BEEF CATTLE—Per cwt, first quality, $10 50@$11 50; ordinary to good, $9@10; common; $8@9; inferior, $7@8.

SHEEP—Per head, extra, $5@6; prime, $4 50@4 75; ordinary, $4@4 50; common, $3@3 50.

SWINE—Corn fed ₱ lb, 5@7c; still fed, 5¾@6.

The market was more active and firmer to-day under a falling off in receipts, and all kinds sold about half a cent higher. Strictly prime Cattle were scarce, and sold very free at the advance, or from 10¼ to 11½; ordinary to good sold freely at 8@11. All sold early. Milch Cows steady at $30@50. Veals were more active and firmer at 5c@7½@8. Sheep and Lambs were in fair request.

The total receipts for the week were: Beeves, 5,178; Cows, 144; Veal Calves, 64; Sheep and Lambs, 10,618; Swine, 36,925.

Cincinnati Whisky Market.—Nov. 24.

Whisky was suddenly advanced to 70c. These movements are regarded as the result of strong speculative impulses, more prominent, however, in the Eastern markets than here.

RIVER MATTERS.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF STEAMBOATS.

ARRIVED.

Franklin	Bennett	Brownsville.
Gallatin	Clarke	Brownsville.
Jas. Reese	Peebles	Elizabeth.

DEPARTED.

Gallatin	Clarke	Brownsville.
Franklin	Bennett	Brownsville.
Jas. Reese	Peebles	Elizabeth.
Emma Graham	Ayers	Zanesville.

THE RIVER.—Last evening at twilight there were eight feet water in the channel and falling slowly. During the day we had steady rain. We hope to announce another rise before the close of the week.

THE fine side-wheel steamer Adelaide, leaves to-day for Cincinnati, Louisville and Nashville. This boat has fine accommodations and has been fitted up in a superior manner. Our old friend, W. P. McCormick, will be found in the office.

THE new packet Reserve, being unavoidably detained, will leave to-day without fail for Louisville. Capt. Herron will be found on deck, and W. M. Llst, Esq., will do the honors of the office.

IN our visit to the packet "Saint Patrick" we were pleased to meet our old friend Major Dunlap, who has charge of the office of this fine boat. The Major is one of the best business officers on the river, and we are pleased to see him in so fine a boat. Passengers will be well cared for in this boat.

IN TOWN.—We had the pleasure yesterday of meeting our old friend, Capt. B. F. Hutchison, now a resident of St. Louis, but formerly of this city. His numerous friends will be pleased to learn that he is in the enjoyment of excellent health. He is a noble specimen of a Western boatman, and one of the cleverest officers that ever trod the deck of a steamer.

THE new and splendid side-wheel steamer St. Patrick, Capt. S. Mason, arrived last evening with a fine trip. She belongs to the new packet line called Red, White and Blue, that has just been formed to run between this place and Cincinnati. She is a splendid boat, and in charge of Captain Mason cannot fail to be popular. We wish the new line the largest kind of success. This line will tow no barges.

The new and splendid passenger steamer Reserve, Captain Herron, leaves this day for Cincinnati and Louisville. This boat comes to us well recommended. Capt. Herron is an old Pittsburgher, and has hosts of friends, who will be pleased to see him enter his old trade again. The first clerk is an esteemed friend, Capt. W. M. List, who won golden opinions for himself during the time he presided at the desk of the Sallie List, when she run in the Portsmouth trade.

CINCINNATI.

We condense the following from Tuesday's *Commercial*:

The river has risen, altogether five feet, and was still swelling last night, with seven feet hence to Louisville, and five feet in the canal. The last arrivals report six feet on the shoalest bars along the lower Ohio. The Tennessee and Cumberland were rising at last accounts, with 3½ feet on Harpeth Shoals, and 3½ feet in the Tennessee.

The Nevada, from Pittsburgh; Panola from Parkersburg, and Jennie Hubbs, from Nashville, include the arrivals—all with fair trips.

The Miami, from Pittsburgh, full of freight and people, was the only departure outside of the daily packets. She was detained until a late hour last night, filling her water-wheel.

Twelve tow-boats arrived from Pittsburgh yesterday with barges in tow, containing 600,000 bushels of coal. Several tow-boats also passed down for lower ports. We are delighted to have it in our power to announce that coal is now arriving freely, and in large quantities.

The Havana, Capt. Sweeney, on her arrival at Louisville yesterday, from Wheeling, was taken by the Government for Nashville.

Capt. Ben. M. Bush, late clerk of the Eclipse, and John Conn, of Aurora, Ind., have purchased the powerful tow-boat Cresent City for $25,000.

We are informed that Capt. Bart Abel's new boat passed down the river yesterday. We did not see her go by, however.

The Isola, brought a lot of coal oil from Parkersburg.

The Emma Floyd, from Nashville, is due at Louisville to-morrow.

NEW ALBANY.

The *Ledger*, of Saturday night, says:—It has been raining thirty hours, with the wind from the west. The streets in the lower part of the city are all afloat, and things generally out of doors have a dismal complexion. There is not much news of any kind astir, and business on the landing is dull.

Silver Creek, this morning, is booming and pouring out its yellow flood like wrath. There is now every prospect of a big river soon. Our steamboatmen are not yet satisfied with "the rise" as yet, though they look rather cheerful as a body, than otherwise. There is now five feet water in the channel from this point hence to Cairo, and about two feet large in the pass on the falls.

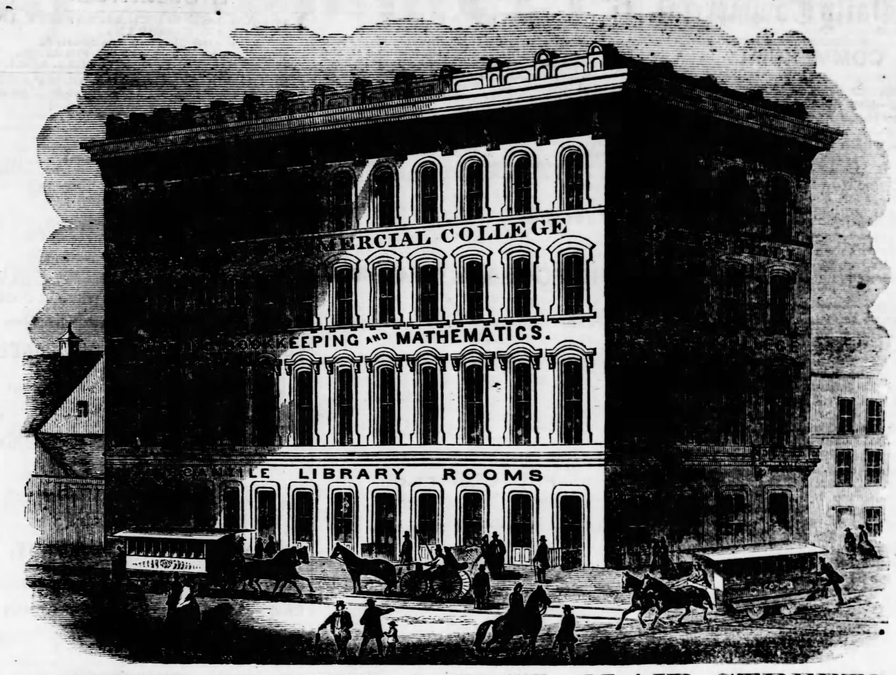
NASHVILLE.

The Cumberland continues to rise very slowly—so slowly, indeed, that professional rivermen differ as to whether the rise was two or two and a half inches during the twenty-four hours preceding 3 p. m. yesterday. Large numbers of boats are constantly arriving and departing. The arrivals are the Ohio Valley, Gen. Grant, Kenton, Shamrock, Huntsman, Capitola, Caroline, Cambria and Atlantic No. 2. The departures include the Coitussus, Diadem and Lizzie Martin. There is three feet large on the shoals. The hull of the United States steamboat Cottage is offered for sale.

N. E. RUM.—50 barrels on hand and for sale by MILLER & RICKETSON.

CHAMPAGNE.—50 cases and 50 baskets Green Seal and Heidsick Champagne, in store and for sale by MILLER & RICKETSON.
no18

IRON CITY COMMERCIAL COLLEGE,



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In every variety of form as applied in all kinds of business, such as Wholesale and Retail Merchandising, Manufacturing, Banking, Railroading, Steamboating, Commission and Forwarding, and Joint Stock Company business. Under this head the student receives special instruction in the different methods of opening and closing a set of Books, being required to open and close from TWELVE to TWENTY different sets; changing from Stock to Partnership Books; from Single to Double Entry; the different methods of ascertaining the Gains and Losses of Business; Partnership Changes and Settlements. The PRIVATE LEDGER, its use, and the different modes of keeping it. The use of all the Auxillary Books employed in modern business, viz: Cash Book, Bill Book, Invoice Book, Commission Sales Book, Shipment Book, Order Book, Petty Sales Book, Letter Book, &c.

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With the use of all the principal auxiliaries employed either in Wholesale or Retail Business; the method of changing the same to Double Entry; also, a system of Single Entry possessing all the leading features of Doubly Entry, in which the Day Book, Invoice Book, Sales Book and Cash Book are combined in one; being altogether the most condensed form of keeping accounts ever adopted.

Banking.

The most complete and the only really practical system of instruction in this department of business ever adopted; one that has been pronounced *perfect*, by practical bankers, who do not hesitate to say that the student who faithfully completes this branch here, is qualified for *any* position in a Bank. The course of study under this head not only familiarizes the student with the method of keeping Books, but with the duties of every officer or employee of the Bank, from that of Discount Clerk. Teller, &c., down to Discount Clerk. He is also instructed in the mode of organizing a Bank, the election of its officers, its Board of Directors, and all of the outside as well as the inside management of its affairs, from the first paying in of the Capital Stock to the declaration of a divid

The Daily Commercial.

COMMERCIAL.

GLOUCESTER FISH MARKET, Nov. 20.—Mackerel—Bay fleet have about all arrived home, and there have been but few transactions; sales at $13 50 and $9 50 for Nos. 1 and 2, at which holders are firm. Oil $54 ₱ bbl.

NEW YORK HOP MARKET.—Hops are in good request for choice qualities or anything free from the prevailing objections—mould, rust or lice—the former more particularly; the demand is both for consumption and export; we quote: Fancy, 29@30c; Good to Prime, 24@28c; Common to Fair, 20@23c; sales 160 bales at from 24@28c, as to quality.

PROPOSALS AT NASHVILLE.—Sealed proposals will be received at this place until Tuesday, December 15, 1863, at 12 o'clock, m., when they will be opened, to furnish the Quartermaster's Department in this city with 800,000 bushels of corn, at 56 pounds to the bushel; 200,000 bushels of oats, at 32 pounds to the bushel; 40,000 tons of hay, at 2,000 pounds to the ton.

ST. LOUIS TOBACCO MARKET.—Tobacco—Market dull this morning with break of 27 hhds, sales at both City and State warehouses comprise 5 hhds stems at $3 25 each; 2 do factory lugs at $6 90@7; 6 do planters do at $7 10@$9 95; 2 do common shipping leaf at $12 10@$13; 2 do medium do do at $15 75@$15 80; 2 do do manufacturing leaf at $18 10@$25; 8 do bids rejected; 1 wagon loose new at $12.

CINCINNATI TOBACCO MARKET.—At Bodman's Tobacco Warehouse—40 hhds and 20 bxs, as follows: 30 hhds Mason County Lugs and Trash—2 at $7 25; 2 at $7 50; 1 at $8; 1 at $8 50; 1 at $9; 1 at $9 25; 3 at $10 75; 1 at $11; 1 at $11 25; 2 at $11 50; 2 at $11 75; 1 at $12 25; 1 at $13 35; 1 at $13 50; 1 at $13 75; 2 2t $14; 2 at $14 25; 1 at $14 50; 1 at $14 75; 1 at $15 25. 10 hhds Leaf, viz: 1 at $16 25; 1 at $16 50; 1 at $17; 1 at $17 50; 1 at $17 75; 1 at $18; 1 at $20 75; 2 at $21 50; 1 at $22 75, and 20 bxs, ranging from $11 25 to $25.

BOSTON MARKET.—Coffee is firm, with sales of 1,200 bags Cape from second hands at 31½c, and small lots of Java at 39c ₱ lb, cash. Logwood—Sales of 50 tons St. Domingo at $21 ₱ ton, cash, now held higher. Hemp—Sales of 2,000 bales Manila, to arrive at New York, at 12¼c ₱ lb, cash. Hides are in fair demand and firm; sales of 3,000 Sierra Leone at 35c; 4,000 Bissau at 28c; 4,000 Loando at 8, 10, 16 and 22½c; 1,100 New Orleans wet salted western Kips at 12½c, and 500 do. heavy Hides at 11½c, cash. Iron—Pig Iron has advanced to $43@45 ₱ ton, cash, and 4 months for Gartsherrie and other brands Scotch No. 1. Saltpetre—The transactions have been very large, comprising 8,000 bags here and in New York at 15½@16½c ₱ lb, cash, now held higher. Linseed Oil has been selling at $1 33@1 37, now firm at the latter rate. Rice—Sales of 300 bbls Rangoon at 7¾c ₱ lb, cash.

Boston Dry Goods Market.

The *Shopping List* of the 21st says: Business is chiefly the filling orders from the country, and the supply of a moderate and steady call from the retailers.

Shirtings, Sheetings and Cotton Flannels are selling at steady prices, with some indications of increased activity for the last day or two. It would not be surprising to see a moderate advance in desirable styles. In fact, sellers are not disposed to part with their goods at the current prices, as an advance is confidently looked for. Bleached Sheetings and Shirtings are getting very scarce, and all sold up. Heavy standard Sheetings are generally held firm at 40c, but outside lots have been sold at 1@2c ₱ yard less. Bleached and colored Jeans continue in fair demand, and stock quite light. Fine Jeans have been much sought after by jobbers. Prints and De Laines are selling moderately at previous prices.

The stock of Woolens on the market is light, the season having continued late, and goods are sold up close.

St. Louis Flour and Grain Market.

Flour—The market continues dull, with prices unchanged: sales consist of 2,231 bbls, including 26 bbls superfine, at $5 25; 496 do choice superfine, in lots, at $5 50; 1,709 do XX country braud at $6 87½; 50 do choice country brand family at $8.

Rye—Active, but prices lower, with sales of 1,223 sacks, comprising 209 sks, in lots, at 90c, sks returned; 175 do do at 92c, sks returned; 500 do do at 93@94c, sks returned; 75 do at 95c, sks returned; 264 do do at $1, sks returned.

Barley—Market dull, but prices in some cases were higher, with sales of 80 sacks spring at $1 44, 500 sacks choice spring at terms not mode public.

Whisky—Active and firmer, with sales of 162 bbls ordinary proof, in two lots, at 62½c.

Wheat—The market is active and all grades are firmer, with sales of 6,952 sks, fair fall at $1,20; 1,647 do in lots prime at $1,25, 1,27, 1,28, 1,30; 5,250 do do choice to extra choice fall at $1,31, 1,33, 1,34, 1,35, 1,37, 1,40, 1,41.

Corn—Firm and active; sales of about 1,500 sks mixed yellow and mixed white, in lots, at $1.

Oats—Unchanged; sales comprise 3,000 sks, in lots, at 97½ and 88c; 2,100 do do do at private terms.

IMPORTS BY THE RIVER.

Cincinnati.

Per St. Patrick—Atwell, Lee & Co, 5 bbls oil, 30 bxs soap; B W Boatd, 6 kgs; Burchfield & Co, 20 bxs mds; W Cooper & Co, 70 bxs soap, 30 bxs candles; Clarke & Co, 120 hhds bacon, 146 sks peaches, 95 bbls whisky, 15 do alcohol, 500 bxs candles, 50 bbls pork, 61 hhds meat, 100 bbls pork; 52 bbls oil; J. Dalzell & Son, 28 bbls oil; J Dunlap, jr, 11 pkgs; Dilworth & Co, 20 bbls oil, 50 bxs soap; R Dalzell & Co, 50 bxs soap; Ewart & Co, 15 pkgs; owner, 5 bbls liquor; B L Fahnestock & Co, 5 bbls oil; W M Gormly, 10 bbls oil, 10 bxs soap; W B Hays & Co, 5 bbls oil; E Heazleton, 10 bxs candles; J P Hanna & Co, 25 bbls hams; R Kirkpatrick & Bro, 19 bbls oil, 50 bxs soap, 10 do candles, 20 bxs soap; R H Jack, 10 pkgs mds; W H Kirkpatrick & Co, 50 bxs soap; Knox & Parker, 10 bbls oil; J Lockhart, 16 bxs soap; Lindsay & Telford, 20 bxs soap; Murtland & Connor, 25 bxs soap; Miller & Rickertson, 15 bbls oil, 45 bxs candles, 30 do soap; E H Myers & Co, 5 bbls oil, 40 bxs soap; J McCullough & Co, 2 bbls liquor; J Porterfield & Co, 25 bxs soap, 15 do candles; R Robinson & Co, 20 bbls oil, 20 bxs soap, 15 do candles; J A Renshaw, 40 bxs soap, 15 do candles; Schomaker & Lang, 10 bbls oil, 50 bxs soap, 30 do candles; W A Sneathan, 10 bbls oil, 20 bxs soap; J M Snowden, 15 bbls oil, 10 bxs soap, 10 do candles; Shriver & Lazear, 75 bxs soap, 25 do candles; F Sellers & Co, 104 tes lard; owner, 30 bxs soap, 2 do candles; Watt & Wilson, 25 bxs soap, 17 do fancy; T B Young & Co, lot sundries; D Wetzel 6 bxs; Brewer, Burke & Co, 60 e bbls.

SIXTH ARRIVAL OF
NEW GOODS,
AT
J. M. BURCHFIELD'S.
North-East Corner 4th and Market sts.

FRENCH MERINOS, for $1,25, cheap;
EMPRESS, all wool, for $1,25. do.;
PLAID POPLINS AND SILKS;
CLOAKS AND SHAWLS;
SHAKER FLANNELS;
PLAID FLANNELS;
White, red, yellow and grey FLANNELS.

BLANKETS,
all wool, from $9 to $15, best quality.
Call and see this stock, which is complete and as cheap as any that can be found. no24

GEORGE GERBER'S RESTAURANT AND EATING SALOON, has been removed from the old stand, South corner of the Diamond, Allegheny, to the corner of Gay and Pitt alleys, where he is prepared to furnish meals of all kinds, served up in the best manner. His Bar is also supplied with the best brands of ALES, WINES and LIQUORS.
no12:2im

J. M. ROBITZER,
RESTAURANT AND EATING SALOON,
No. 52 Diamond alley,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
LUNCH every morning. no10:3m

HENRY BENDER'S
Exchange Restaurant and Oyster Saloon,
No. 241 Liberty street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
The choicest prodncts of the market served up.
OYSTERS in every style. no24:6m

GRAPE VINES.—We have over ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND superior Vines, of all the leading kinds, for sale.
Parties wishing to purchase would do well to visit our grounds and examine our vines and fruit. We can still show the fruit of over a dozen varieties, and our stock of vines, in point of quantity and quality, is unsurpassed any where.
Circulars giving descriptions of the different varieties, and prices, will be sent by mail to all applicants, or can be had at No. 29 Fifth street.
oc26 J. KNOX.

FINE BRANDY!—26 cases Cognac, "Otard, Dupuy & Co." brand. In store and for sale by [no8] MILLER & RICKETSON.

BENJ. F. BLOOD,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
And Commissioner for the following States and Territories (appointed and commissioned by the several Governors thereof) to take Depositions, Acknowledgments of Deeds, &c., to be used or recorded therein: the States of Maine, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Connecticut, New York, New Jersey, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Michigan, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Iowa, Missouri, Kansas, Kentucky, Tennessee, California, Oregon, and the Territories of Nebraska, New Mexico and Washington. Also, Military Claims collected; Pensions, Bounty, Back Pay, &c., obtained.
Office, 89 GRANT STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa.
no2:3mos

PURVIANCE'S
PHOTOGRAPH ROOMS,
Corner Fifth and Market streets,
2d and 3d stories, over Richardson Jewelry store,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

PHOTOGRAPHS
OF EVERY STYLE.
PLAIN OR COLORED,
from the popular
CARTE DE VISITE to
CABINET and LIFE SIZE,
Mr. PURVIANCE
Would particularly call the attention of the
AGED AND INFIRM to the easy accessibility
of this establishment, being reached by a single
short flight of stairs.
Prices Moderate,
and satisfaction guaranteed. se7

GEORGE E. SHAW,
PRACTICAL OPTICIAN,

AND MANUFACTURER OF
PHILOSOPHICAL INSTRUMENTS,
CARBON OIL HYDROMETER,
DISTILLER'S THERMOMETERS,
SACCHAROMETERS, &c
IMPORTER OF
FINE FIELD GLASSES,
TELESCOPES, &c.
ARTIFICIAL HUMAN EYES
MADE TO FIT AND WARRANTED TO SUIT.
No. 58 FIFTH STREET.
Next door to Adams' Express Office.

FRANK J. BUCHARD,
No. 169 Smithfield street,
All kinds of
Second-Hand Furniture, Bedding, etc.
BOUGHT, SOLD AND EXCHANGED.
no8:3m

N. SIEDLE & BRO.,
No. 183 Smithfield street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
A new stock of Sobbeler & Schmidt's celebrated PIANOS just received from New York. Also, on hand a second hand 7 octave rosewood PIANO, reduced from $325 to $200. VIOLINS, ACCORDEONS, STRINGS, &c. no4:2m

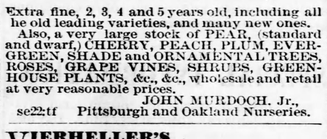
GEORGE TEORGE will commence his
MUSIC SCHOOL,
At his rooms, corner of WOOD and FIFTH streets, third story, THIS DAY.
Engagements for the GREAT WESTERN BAND will be properly attended to.
GEORGE TEORGE,
oc19 Leader of Great Western Band.

FOR THE FALL OF 1863.
200,000 APPLE TREES,
Extra fine, 2, 3, 4 and 5 years old, including all the old leading varieties, and many new ones.
Also, a very large stock of PEAR, (standard and dwarf,) CHERRY, PEACH, PLUM, EVERGREEN, SHADE and ORNAMENTAL TREES, ROSES, GRAPE VINES, SHRUBS, GREENHOUSE PLANTS, &c., &c., wholesale and retail at very reasonable prices.
JOHN MURDOCH, Jr.,
se22:tf Pittsburgh and Oakland Nurseries.

VIERHELLER'S
OYSTER DEPOT.
Select Family Oysters received daily, wholesale and retail.
NOS. 71 AND 73 FIFTH ST.,
Under Miner's Bookstore.
oct30 H. VIERHELLER.

J. B. M'FADDEN & CO.,
95 Market street,
Have just received an elegant addition to their stock of
FINE WATCHES,
Diamonds,
Jewelry,
Silverware and
Fancy Goods
Anticipating an increase trade for the coming Holidays, we are making our arrangements accordingly, and we will be in daily receipt of GOODS suitable for the season. We would invite an examination of our Stock. no5:2m

BARNDOLLAR & PRICE,
(Successor to T. J. Craig,)
MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN
Tin Copper and Sheet Iron Ware.
ALSO,
Tin and Iron Roofers and Job Workers.
TOILET WARE,
BRITANNIA WARE,
COOKING STOVES,
HEATING STOVES,
FIRE IRONS, COAL VASES,
FANCY COAL RODS,
BIRD CAGES, &c.
And HOVEY'S PATENT HAME TUG.
oc17

GREAT IMPROVEMENT ON THE EYE SIGHT.

The Russian Pebble Spectacles.
DO YOU WANT YOUR EYE SIGHT improved? Try the RUSSIAN PEBBLES. They are warranted to STRENGTHEN and IMPROVE THE SIGHT—this fact has proved already to hundreds of people what was suffering from defective sight. They are IMPORTED DIRECT FROM RUSSIA, which can be seen at my office with satisfaction. Purchasers are entitled to be supplied in future if the first should fail, free of charge, with those which will always give satisfaction.
J. DIAMOND, Practical Optician,
39 FIFTH street, Bank Block.
Beware of imposters and counterfeiters.
oc7

REMOVED.—On MONDAY the 21st inst. the office of the
EXCELSIOR OMNIBUS CO.,
Will be removed to No. 134 PENN street, where calls for Omnibuses or Carriages may be left for all trains going East or West.
se18:tf JAMES DAIN & CO.

INSURANCE.

DELAWARE MUTUAL SAFETY INSURANCE COMPANY.
Fire and Marine Insurance.
Office No. 93 WATER street, Pittsburgh.
se10:1y P. A. MADERIA, Agent.

CITIZEN'S INSURANCE COMPANY OF PITTSBURGH. Office, corner Market and Water streets, second floor.
WM. BAGALEY, President.
SAMUEL REA, Secretary.
Insures Steamboats and Cargoes.
Insures against loss and damage in the navigation of the Southern and Western Rivers, Lakes and Bayous, and the navigation of the Sea.
Insures against loss and damage by fire.
DIRECTORS:

WM. BAGALEY,	S. M. KIER,
JAS. PARK, Jr.,	JOHN SHIPTON,
W. G. JOHNSTON,	JAS. M. COOPER,
H. F. JONES,	S. HARBAUGH,
REESE OWENS,	J. CALDWELL, Jr.,
Hon. T. M. HOWE,	JOHN S. DILWORTH,
BARCLAY PRESTON,	GEORGE BINGHAM.

MONONGAHELA INSURANCE COMPANY, of Pittsburgh.
Office: No. 98 Water street, up stairs.

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.
DIRECTORS:

JAS. A. HUTCHISON,	ROBERT DALZELL,
WM. B. HOLMES,	JOHN ATWELL,
JOHN McDEVITT,	SAM'L B. ROBISON,
WM. A. CALDWELL,	RICHARD HAYS,
WILLIAM REA,	WILLIAM MEANS,
WILSON MILLER,	JAMES WOODBURN,
GEORGE A. BERRY,	W. M. EDGAR,
R. WALLACE.	

JAMES A. HUTCHISON, President.
H. E. DAVIS, Secretary. se19:6m

BY STATE AUTHORITY.
ÆTNA INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF HARTFORD, CT.
Cash Capital.....$1,500,000
Charter Oak Fire and Marine Insurance Co.,
OF HARTFORD, CT.
Cash Capital.....$300,000
These two old and popular Companies, having aggregate cash assets (including surplus funds) of three and a half millions of dollars, continue to accept risks on Crude and Refined Petroleum, either in warehouses, on wharf or in transit, and refineries, on reasonable terms. Policies issued without delay, on application to the undersigned.
A. A. CARRIER & BRO., Agents,
No. 63 FOURTH street, Pittsburgh.
At office Real Estate Savings Institution.
no16:2m

PEOPLES' INSURANCE COMPANY, OF PITTSBURGH.
Office, N. E. cor. Wood and Fifth Streets, Second Floor.
Insures Against Loss or Damage by Fire
On DWELLINGS, STORES, and OTHER BUILDINGS:
FURNITURE, HOUSEHOLD GOODS, and STOCKS OF MERCHANDISE.
Insures MARINE and INLAND RISKS on
STEAMBOATS AND FREIGHT
At as LIBERAL RATES as are consistent with security.
Losses PROMPTLY ADJUSTED and PAID.
DIRECTORS:

WM. PHILLIPS,	SAML. P. SHRIVER,
JOHN WATT,	CAPT. J. L. RHODES,
JOHN E. PARKE,	WM. VANKIRK,
CHAS. S. BISSELL,	JAS. D. VERNER,
GEO. B. JONES,	C. HANSON LOVE,
WM. B. HAYS,	DANL. WALLACE.

WM. PHILLIPS, Pres't.
JOHN WATT, Vice Pres't.
se7 WM. F. GARDNER, Sec'y.

ALLEGHENY INSURANCE COMPANY OF PITTSBURGH. Office, No. 57 Fifth street, Bank Block.
Insures against all kinds of Fire and Marine Risks.
ISAAC JONES, President.
JOHN D. McCORD, Vice President.
D. M. BOOK, Secretary.
Capt. WM. DEAN, General Agent.
DIRECTORS:

ISAAC JONES,	JOHN D. McCORD,
C. G. HUSSEY,	Capt. ADAM JACOBS,
HARVEY CHILDS,	R. B. STERLING,
Capt. R. C. GRAY,	Capt. WM. DEAN,
JOHN IRWIN, Jr.,	R. L. McGREW,
R. L. FAHNESTOCK.	ROBT. H. DAVIS.

FIRE INSURANCE.
Ro. C. LOOMIS, Agent,
No. 59 WOOD STREET, PITTSBURGH.
FOR THE
HOME INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF NEW YORK.
Assets, July 1st, 1863.....$2,007,530 91.
PHŒNIX INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF HARTFORD, CONN.,
Assets.....$545,896 46.
SPRINGFIELD FIRE INS. CO.,
OF SPRINGFIELD, MASS.,
Assets.....$407,079 30.
PROVIDENCE WASHINGTON INS. CO.,
OF PROVIDENCE, R. I.
Assets.....$355,987 39.
POLICIES ISSUED
For either of the above Companies.
se7

PRINTING.
W. S. HAVEN
PLAIN & FANCY JOB PRINTER,
Paper Dealer and Stationer,
Corner Wood and Third Streets,
PITTSBURGH.
Book Binding, of all Styles,
From the Plain Paper to the Highly Ornamental and Rich Gilt or Antique Style.
se7

HARDWARE.
B. WOLF, JR.,
Successor to Wolff & Lane,
Importer and Dealer in
HARDWARE,
Corner of LIBERTY and ST. CLAIR streets,
se7 PITTSBURGH.

TOBACCO AND CIGARS.
WM. STEINACHER,
DEALER IN
CIGARS, TOBACCO, &c.,
se21:1y No. 56 Market st., Pittsburgh.
THE BANNER AND UNION
TOBACCO MANUFACTORIES,
Nos. 31 St. Clair street, and 53 and 55 Hand street,
PITTSBURGH.
The choicest and most elegant brands of Cigars and Tobacco manufactured and for sale by
oc21:1y E. MEGRAW.

NEW BOILER WORKS.
J. J. POWERS
Attends to the manufacture of Steam Boilers, Stills, Tanks, Agitators, Sad Pans, Sugar Pans, Sheet Iron Chimneys, Breechings, and all other articles usually manufactured at similar concerns.
Prompt attention paid to all kinds of repairs on reasonable terms.
Works corner of LOCUST and DUQUESNE WAY, Fifth Ward, Allegheny river. oc27:tf

THE AMERICAN WINE CO.,
OF PENNSYLVANIA,
(Under the Act approved 18th July, 1863.)
ON COMMISSION AND STORAGE.
Wholesale and Retail Dealing in Wines.
Producers are respectfully requested to leave their samples at No. 6 Wood street.
oc10:1y R. L. ALLEN, Agent.

SCARLET and Blue Opera Hoods; new Sacques and Circulars, at
se23 A. BATES, 21 Fifth street.

FINANCIAL.

N. HOLMES & SONS,
DEALERS IN
FOREIGN and DOMESTIC
BILLS OF EXCHANGE,
CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT
BANK NOTES AND SPECIE,
No. 57 MARKET STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa.
COLLECTIONS made on all the principal cities throughout the United States. se7

GOLD, SILVER.
PITTSBURGH & FORT WAYNE,
AND
PITTSBURGH AND CLEVELAND
Railroad Stocks, Bought at Highest Rates, by
JAMES O'CONNOR,
Office, Bagaley's Building, cor. MARKET and WATER streets. se7

FARMERS' DEPOSIT BANKING CO.
BANK OF DEPOSIT AND DISCOUNT,
Par and Current Funds Received on Deposit.
THE UNDERSIGNED STOCKHOLDERS are individually responsible to depositors to the whole extent of their private means:

JAMES MARSHALL,	WILLIAM YOUNG,
JOHN SCOTT,	JACOB PAINTER,
WILLIAM WALKER,	WILLIAM CARR,
SAMUEL GEORGE,	S. B. ROBISON,
THOMAS MELLON,	THOMAS SCOTT,
ROBERT BELL,	JOSEPH LOVE,
JOHN M'DEVITT,	D. A. STEWART,
JOHN FLOYD,	D. R. GALWAY,
HAY WALKER,	W. W. M'GREGOR,
JOHN S. DILWORTH.	

JAMES MARSHALL, President.
R. A. GEORGE, Cashier.

REAL ESTATE SAVINGS INSTITUTION.
Office: No. 63 Fourth street.
Deposits received DAILY, and every SATURDAY EVENING.
Interest paid at 6 per cent. per annum.
TRUSTEES:
ISAAC JONES, President.

Hon. Thos. M. Howe,	Hon. J. K. Moorhead,
Wm. H. Smith,	C. G. Hussey,
W. H. Copeland,	Jacob Painter,
Harvey Childs,	Nicholas Voeghtly.

no16:6m

GERMAN TRUST AND SAVINGS BANK.
Corner of Sixth and Wood Sts.
BANK OF DISCOUNT, DEPOSIT AND EXCHANGE.
REPRESENTED CAPITAL. $2,000,000.
Stockholders individually liable to the extent of their private means.
Gold, Silver and Currency bought at best market rates.
Drafts on Germany and other foreign countries, and on all the principal cities in the United States bought and sold.
Collections made on all accessable points and proceeds promptly remitted at current rates of exchange.
Deposits received and interest allowed upon time deposits as per agreement.
Banks, Bankers, Business Firms and others doing business with us will find their orders promptly executed, and their interest at all times carefully consulted.
Bank open from 9 o'clock a. m. to 3 p. m.
A. HOEVELER, President. se21

THE FIRST
NATIONAL BANK
OF PITTSBURGH, PA.
(LATE PITTSBURGH TRUST COMPANY.)
Capital, $400,000, with privilege to Increase to $1,000,000.
The Pittsburgh Trust Company having organized under the act to provide a National Currency, under the title of the FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH, would respectfully offer its services for the collection of Notes, Drafts, Bills of Exchange, &c.; receive money on deposit, and buy and sell Exchange on all parts of the country.
The success which has attended the Pittsburgh Trust Company since its organization in 1852, will, we believe, be a sufficient guarantee that business entrusted to the new organization will receive the same prompt attention.
Having a very extensive correspondence with Banks and Bankers throughout the country, we believe we can offer unusual facilities to those who do business with us.
The business will be conducted by the same officers and directors.
DIRECTORS:

JAMES LAUGHLIN,	ALEX. SPEER,
ROBERT S. HAYS,	F. O. BAILEY,
THOMAS BELL,	ALEX. BRADLEY,
THOS. WIGHTMAN,	SAMUEL REA,
WM. K. NIMICK.	
JAMES LAUGHLIN, Pres't.	
JOHN D. SCULLY, Cash'r.	

se7

DIME SAVINGS INSTITUTION, No. 110 SMITHFIELD street, (opposite the Custom House).
Chartered by the Legislature.
OFFICERS:
President—JAMES PARK, Jr.,
Vice-Presidents,

WM. H. SMITH,	H. F. RUDD,
JOHN F. JENNINGS,	A. REINEMAN,
THOS. D. MESSLER,	JOSHUA RHODES,
THOS. S. BLAIR,	JACOB STUCKRATH,
FRANCIS SELLERS,	ALEX. BRADLEY,
HENRY LLOYD,	ALFRED BLACK.

TRUSTEES:

JOSIAH KING,	C. W. RICKETSON,
A. S. BELL,	S. H. HARTMAN,
S. S. FOWLER,	R. J. ANDERSON,
J. W. WOODWELL,	D. E. McKINLEY,
F. RAHM,	C. H. WOLFF,
J. M. TIERNAN,	R. D. COCHRAN,
D. M. LONG,	Wm. SMITH,
JOHN W. BAXTER,	G. B. JONES,
C. ZUG,	E. F. JONES.
JOS. DILWORTH,	W. H. PHELPS,
W. A. REED,	C. B. HERRON,
R. C. SCHMERTZ,	W. IHMSEN,
	D. E. McKINLEY,

Secretary and Treasurer.
Open daily, from 9 a. m. to 3 p. m. Also, TUESDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, from 6 to 8 o'clock.
Deposits received of ONE DIME and upwards.
Dividends declared in December and June of each year.
Dividends allowed to remain are placed to the credit of the depositors as principal, and bear interest, thus compounding it.
Books containing Charter, By-Laws, &c., furnished at the office.
This institution offers, especially to those persons whose earnings are small, the opportunity to accumulate, by small deposits; easily saved, a sum which will be a resource when needed, their money not only being safe, but bearing interest, instead of remaining unproductive. se7

COTTON FACTORIES.
KING & PENNOCK,
Manufacturers of EAGLE and NIAGARA
SHEETINGS,
COTTON YARN, TWINE, WICK, BATTING, &c. &c.
Warehouse, No. 29 WOOD Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA. se16

BANNER COTTON MILLS,
PARK, PAINTER & CO.,
Warehouse No. 149 FIRST and 120 SECOND streets, Pittsburgh, Pa.
4-4 Brown Sheeting, Carpet Chain of all colors, Candlewick, Batting and Twine.
se9

PORK PACKERS.
F. SELLERS.....R. OWENS.....C. A. R. BENNEY.
F. SELLERS & CO.,
PORK PACKERS,
Curers of Extra Sugar Cured Hams,
AND MANUFACTURERS OF
LARD OIL,
No. 354 Penn street,
Opposite Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railway Depot,
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The THROUGH EXPRESS TRAIN leaves daily at 4:25 p. m., stopping only at the principal stations, making direct connection at Harrisburg for Baltimore and Washington, and for New York, via. Allentown route, at Philadelphia.
The FAST LINE leaves the Station DAILY (except Sunday) at 8:35 p. m., stopping only at principal stations, connecting at Harrisburg for Baltimore and Washington, and at Philadelphia for New York.
The JOHNSTOWN ACCOMMODATION leaves DAILY, (except Sunday) at 3:00 p. m., stopping at all stations, and running as far as Conemaugh.
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The SECOND ACCOMMODATION TRAIN for WALL'S STATION, leaves daily, (except Sunday) at 11:40 a. m.
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